Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

VOL. XXI. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 27, 1889. NO 26.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

PORTLAND, Oregon, had a $70,000 fire on Saturday.

IN October Connecticut will also vote on Prohibition.

THE State Convention, on August 7, will nominate a State Treasurer.

THERE was a war cloud in the European sky last week; this week it has passed away.

NEW YORK has a case of yellow fever. This is the time of the year when the yellow fever scare usually begins.

WILLIAMSPORT and Altoona are the only two large cities in the State that gave a majority for the Amendment.

MAJORITIES in this State this year were enormous. They were: Against the Prohibition amendment, 189,020; against the Suffrage amendment 235,850.

ONE hundred and eighty-nine thousand majority for the wet side of the Constitutional amendment is calculated to create suspicions that the weather must have voted.

THE Prohibitory amendment was resubmitted in Rhode Island before it had sufficient trial and the re-submission was carried. That, however, is not an argument against Prohibition.

IN a list of thirty death notices in a New York paper the other day twenty-two were of persons more than 70 years of age, This does not look as if the rush of modern times was shortening life.

ON Saturday Boston celebrated the 250th anniversary of the founding of the public schools, it being exactly that time since the first school was started which was supported by a direct tax on the people.

A WHITE man has just been hanged in Rome, Ga., for killing a Chinaman. If he had killed a negro his fate would have been different—he would have been nominated for some office by the Democrats and given the title of Colonel.

IT IS somewhat consoling to notice that though Philadelphia contributed so largely to defeat Prohibition, the people outside Philadelphia had their revenge by defeating the Suffrage amendment which evidently was such a favorite in the Quaker City.

THE Iceberg sighted by the steamship La Bourgoyne was about 160 feet high and 975 feet long. If it could have been lassoed and dragged into one of the harbors on the Atlantic coast what would have become of our wealthy summer friends, the lake and river ice men?

IN view of the oppressive measures practiced by the Illinois mine owners, the distress of the thousands of the striking workmen at Braidwood is calculated to make popular the doctrine of the Nationalist Assocation; which advocates State interference. To relieve the overstocked labor market, however, is the remedy which should be at once applied.

THE total majority in the State against the Constitutional Prohibitory Amendment was 189,020; that against the suffrage amendment was 235,850. The only consolation we find in these figures is that Philadelphia, which behaved so outrageously on the Prohibitory Amendment, got licked out of her boots on the Suffrage question.

WHILE General Boulanger is living in inglorious ease in England, his followers in France are getting up riotous meetings and fighting men who are holding meetings in favor of the Government. A few of them were arrested at Bezieres, among them Deroulede, the great advocate of revenge in Germany. But he was soon released, the officers evidently thinking that the revenge was postponed.

THE Chairman of the Ohio State Republican Executive Committe will likely be Col. A. L. Conger. He was on the National Committee during the Presidential campaign and there won the esteem of Senator Quay by his work. It is said that Mr. Quay was one of the first to suggest him for the position. He will be an excellent leader for the Republicans in the coming campaign.

THE DEFEAT OF PROHIBITION.

Before saying anything about the defeat of the Prohibitory Amendment in this State, let us again congratulate our readers on the excellent vote that was given it in this county. If every county had behaved so handsomely the Amendment would have been carried by a very large majority and one of the foulest blots on our State and National existence would have been entirely wiped out. Good organization under skillful leadership is what accomplished the result here. It needed only that the real issue be fairly presented to the people to receive their full and unqualified indorsement. This was done in Centre county, and if it had been done throughout the State the people would have been quick to have given the amendment the seal of their approval. It offered a boon of blessing to the people of this State; it was to them the opportunity of a life time to bring benefit to themselves. These facts are axiomatic; they cannot be controverted. Therefore, we know it was from mere misunderstanding of the question that people voted for a continuation of whiskey predominancy.

Several statements which are here formulated are self evident—

Whiskey is the greatest enemy to this state that is in existence—because it very effectually controls politics,even in local elections.

Whiskey, in its predominancy, gives control to the worst elements in the State—hence, its power should be dreaded by all the parties, because it will throw its influence to the side of the scale which will yield to its dictation

Admitting it to be an evil and an awful evil, why endeavor to regulate it? Would it not be better for all to stop its power by one fell stroke? Prohibition is the only movement which aims at this result,

Any law which is made by the votes of a majority of the people can be enforced, because that majorities shall rule is one of the cardinal doctrines of this Republic.

Early in the campaign the DAILY NEWS expressed regret that the Suffrage Amendment was to be submitted at the same time, because it would tend to confuse the voter. We believe that this was the result and that many persons voted for that amendment under the delusion that they were voting for Prohibition. This was particularly the way in the large cities and friends of whiskey who guarded the polls aided in deceiving the voters. Facts which have been narrated since the election show that the details of the campaign in the large centres of population were not well attended to. It is stated that in Philadelphia there were no "For the Prohibitory Amendment" tickets to be found by voters who wanted them.

This absence of tickets was brought about by either the theft of the whiskey men or the criminal carelessness of the professed friends of Prohibition. An efficient means of gaining votes is to station faithful ward workers at the polling places, but this seems to have been neglected in Philadelphia. We do not think that there was sufficient stress given to the proper distribution of prohibitory literature.

An important part of this distribution lies in the skill of putting the right thing in the right place, and if well done will always be a great engine of influence for the result which is aimed at.

As we look at the campaign we believe the above reasons are the true ones to account for its defeat. It was done principally by whiskey people of whatever party and no one political party is in any way responsible for the defeat.

THE *North German Gazette* says: "Had a great Power practiced such abuses against another great Power as Switzerland has been guilty of, a war would have resulted." As if its smallness has anything to do with preserving Switzerland from the clutch of Bismarck? There is no sentiment in the case at all, but there is involved in it an intangible something called the "balance of power" that Bismarck is as shy of disturbing as of courting war with several of his large neighbors at once. An advance upon Switzerland by Bismarck's armies would be the signal for the dissolution of the Tripartite Alliance, so far as Italy is concerned, and war with both Italy and France would be inevitable, as they would no more tolerate an invasion of Switzerland than they would of themselves; the possession of Switzerland by Germany would endanger the autonomy of both.

VALUABLES IN THE FLOOD.

HOW THE ADAMS EXPRESS MEN TRANSPORTED THEIR SAFES FROM JOHNSTOWN TO HARRISBURG.

Messenger Fritz was in charge of the Adams Express car attached to the unfortunate day express in the flood at Conemaugh. He tells how he locked up the car and fled to the mountain, returning as soon as possible to guard the safety of the valuables therein. There was danger not only from flood but also from fire as the cars were burning and the freight had to be unloaded on the ground. He introduces the advent of Hayes Schroyer on the scene at this juncture as follows:

"I stayed there from 4 a. m. until 6 p. m., when I got it back in the car again for that night.

"In the meantime Route Agent Shroyer arrived there at 1 p. m., after walking twenty-five miles. He came up to me and said: "My God! Fritz, I am glad to see you. I heard from Collins on my way down, but could hear nothing of you, so I gave up all hope of ever seeing you again." Then we consulted in regard to moving the freight, &c., and thought it best to leave it until daylight Sunday morning. We had about one-half carload of stuff. Sunday we hired six four-horse teams to take us from Conemaugh over the mountains to Ebensburg, seventeen miles north of Conemaugh. There was myself on the Day Express, Messenger Collins on the Mail, and the Route Agent Schroyer, and we walked those seventeen miles. We had five safes—four of my own and one of the Philadelphia man's. On arriving at Ebensburg we unloaded the freight and put it in the freight-house, as the train had gone for that day. We then wired to Altoona that we were at Ebensburg and Train Master Hutchinson sent a special car from Altoona to Ebensburg to take us from there to Altoona. We arrived at Altoona at 11.40 and unloaded the freight and took it to the express office. Tuesday the agent at Altoona gave a commission merchant the box containing salmon for Mr. John Hoey, from Portland, Ore. It smelled pretty bad, so he tried to sell it.

"We laid at Altoona three days and four nights, We then made arrangements to move, and went on the main line to Tyrone, a distance of about twenty miles. We transfered there to the Bald Eagle Valley Division, on which we went to Milesburg and from Milesburg to Bellefonte, which is about fourteen miles southeast. Here we hired a four-horse 'bus to take us across the Nittney and the Seven Mountains to Lewistown. Everything ran along smoothly until we reached Reedsville, via Centre Hall and Milroy. At Reedsville we found the road-bridge swept away. We then unloaded the safes, carried them across the stream on a temporary foot-bridge which was hardly able to hold us, but we had to take the risk, and then we loaded them on the wagon again and drove to Mann's, where we found another bridge gone. We then hired two small rowboats and took them on safe across, one by one, and loaded them on a hand-car at the other side of the stream on the Mifflin and Centre County Railroad, and we pushed the hand-car about half a mile to reach the road-crossing. We then hired another four-horse stage, loaded up the safes and drove in from Yagerstown to Lewistown, a distance of four miles. At Lewistown we unloaded the safes at the express office and took the Adams Express one-horse city wagon, with the safes in it, and drove to Juniata river and down along its banks until we came to part of a Pennsylvania railroad bridge that was left, and then drove up between the canal and the Juniata, and then unloaded the safes on a float and pulled across the river by a rope stretched from bank to bank, a distance of a fourth of a mile. We then unloaded the safes and were compelled to pull them up a forty-foot bank, in which the safes ploughed right in making it impossible to reach the summit in that manner, so we ran a plank up and got six or eight men who were in a field at the end of the rope and while two were tying the rope and guiding the safes we pulled them to the top.

"We then hired another farm wagon to cart them into Lewistown Junction, and after arriving there we could not get to the junction with the wagon so we were compelled to carry them across about five tracks, put them on trucks and haul them up to the junction, where we arrived at 7 o'clock, but the train we wanted had left at 6 o'clock. We put the safes in the baggage room, where we sat that night until 8 o'clock the next morning. We then moved east from there on train No. 60 to Harrisburg, where we transferred the safe to the train that leaves at 11:50 for Philadelphia. Arrived at Philadelphia 3.30 p. m., transferred the safes to train leaving at 4 o'clock for Jersey City where I arrived at 6.15 p. m. and New York at 6.40 p. m., having been on the road eight days and seven nights from Pittsburgh to New York.

"I had nothing but a sandwich to eat from Friday morning until Saturday morning, when a Pennsylvania railroad engineer asked me at Conemaugh to have some coffee and breakfast which had to do me for that day until 7 o'clock when I had a loaf of bread and some butter sent over and a pail of coffee, which lasted me until Sunday morning, when I was asked to breakfast by Mr. Stewart, agent at Conemaugh.

We had nothing on the trip across the mountains until we stopped and bought a pitcher of milk and bread and butter, which I drank and ate on the end of the wagon, until we got to Ebensburg, where we had supper. Just before supper we had some water brought up and took a bath, which revived us considerably. Monday morning we took breakfast at the Logan House.

"I think Route Agent Schroyer deserves a great deal of credit for his share of work. He took a willing hand in everything—in handling the safes and getting us over the road. No other route agent could have stood it."

IT is always well to accept *cum grano salis* any charge which is made against the integrity or capacity of the United States Pension Commissioner, no matter who that servant of the Government may be. Nobody who has ever held the office has escaped the most truculent abuse or the most craftly-devised insinuations. This is because the office is one which it is impossible for any honest man to administer without making enemies, and the more honest he may be the more of them he will have. On that account, the attempts which have been made to show that nepotism, favoritism, mismanagement and even corruption prevail in the Pension Office under the administration of Corporal Tanner will need to be sustained by stronger evidence than has yet been produced.

ONCE in a while—a very great while—a sensible thing is done by the employers of labor. To prove this we will copy the following dispatch as an illustration of one of these specially sensible actions: Wilkes-Barre, June 19 [SPECIAL].—Today the officials of the Nottingham Colliery, of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, in which so many accidents have happened of late, discharged every Polander and Hungarian, both miners and laborers employed in the mine, to the number of 260. A notice was also posted that in future no man would be allowed to work as a miner unless he had five years experience and was accustomed to gaseous mines.

HARRY BACH, chairman of the anti-Prohibition committee in Philadelphia, in an interview concerning the result of the vote, perpetrated this wonderful joke: "The vote clearly demonstrates that the people of Pennsylvania will not easily sacrifice the liberties fought for by their fore-fathers." Just imagine George Washington fighting for the right to sell whiskey! If the people of Philadelphia had a remnant of true patriotism they would punish Harry Bach for so maligning the character of "the father of his country."

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company has repaired the damage done to its tracks and bridges at much less cost than was at first estimated, and therefore no extraordinary drain is likely to be made on its financial resources. It is no small tribute to President Robert's management that all the rumors of great losses, many of which were plausible, did not impair the credit of the company in the stock market at any time.

THE fate which pursues a good man struggling with adversity, is indicated by the sad experience of DeVoe who was moved by the Johnstown disaster to predict a cyclone for last Monday and is again the sport of the adverse elements.

The Next Step For Prohibitionists.

If the people who believe firmly in Prohibition are planning the next most favorable step to take let us advise them to prepare for another Prohibition campaign. We have heard other moves advised. Among these was the refusal of all licenses in this county. That is all right but does not go far enough. Another is the gradual attainment of Prohibition by counties as Georgia is now doing. That, too, we will take if we can get it, but it is the most objectionable and least satisfactory sort of temperance, because its effect in stopping drunkenness is so slight. Another is statutory prohibition. That is the same asconstitutional prohibition with the exception that it is not part of the constitution and therefore lacking an element of strength which otherwise would attach to it.

So the wisdom of the present situation advises that another campaign be planned as soon as it can legally be done, and let the interval be occupied with careful and earnest preparation for it, so that when the time comes the battle will have been fought. The present course of hygiene in the public schools, if all adhered to, will serve a great purpose to this end. There is no other course that will accomplish the object which is so much desired. Because of one failure is no reason that victory will not reward the next effort. Past defeat can give us the information to secure a triumph, and surely the prize is worth the effort.

Then we say do not let any less object than constitutional prohibition spur us onward. It is right and the people can be convinced of it.

In a few years the fact that high license is a cheat and a fraud will dawn upon the minds of the people. Then will be the golden opportunity for another test, and we advise the friends of prohibition to labor to have the question submitted again as soon as the constitution will permit, which we believe is at the expiration of five years.

CONGRESSMAN PETERS, of Kansas, who has made the matter a special study, expresses the opinion that Congress at its next session will enact a law by which the federal government will have control of congressional elections in the south. He claims that it is the only reasonable and just thing to do, and that it will be good for the south, for it will relieve it of the odium which is being cast upon it for violation of the sanctity of the ballot, and of responsibility for the men who so violate it. He says further: "It is not good for the commercial or moral standing of the south to have its honesty called into question after every election. It hinders its progress. There are places in other parts of the country where federal control of elections is as necessary as in the south and I favor a law that will put the entire machinery of the congressional elections in the hands of the national government.'

THE precaution taken by the managers of the Pennsylvania Railroad to prevent development or spread of contagious diseases on its cars,both freight and passenger, are commendable, and add strength to its claim to be the best managed corporation of its class in the world. We do not believe there is a railroad in the world where such close attention is paid to all details, even the slightest, bearing upon the welfare of its patrons as the one taking its name from this State. No pains or expense is spared to make its service perfect in all departments, and the result is such that all Pennsylvanians are proud of it as one of their representative institutions.

Mr. John W Mackey, the Bonanza King, and his wife threaten to sue certain London papers for libel, to put a stop to their personal attacks and innuendoes. The English gossips can never forgive Mrs. Mackey for having H. R. H. the Prince of Wales as her guest at dinner, and they have been vulgar and abusive in their allusions to her and her husband. If the Mackeys bring their grievance into court there will probably be some strange revelations.

ROBERT P. PORTER, Superintendent of the Census, has informed the President that he would much prefer to choose his own assistants to having them chosen by the Civil Service Commission. Though English by birth, Mr. Porter is no more English in his ideas of civil service than he is in his ideas of tariff.

GENERA NOTES.

An irate citizen leveled the St. Joseph, Mo, dog pound to the ground.

Chicago expects soon to have a law limiting the height of buildings.

At Huntsville, Ala., a pink and white chicken was hatched a short time ago.

A spring near Bagtown, Cal., throws a stream of scalding water to a height of 30 feet.

A gar fish two feet long was taken from the tank of a Missouri passenger engine the other day.

Mary Fisher, a colored girl, is valedictorian of the graduating class of the Atchison High School,

Cal. Thornton, of Webbsboro, Ga., killed a highland moccasin Tuesday, with 34 eggs the size of a dove in it.

J F Duffey, of Cumming, Ga., recently set a hen on 17 eggs. She hatched 18 chickens and left four eggs in the nest.

During the last ten years Americans have contributed $20,000,000 to relieve suffering caused by disaster or epidemics.

A 4-weeks-old pig belonging to Noah Montgomery of Cumming, Ga., was found frozen to death on the morning of June 1.

There has been an increase in the population of Denver, Col, during the last year, the total population being estimated at 125,000.

Human beings are still being sold in the famine-stricken districts of China. A child under 10 brings from a dollar to a dollar and a half.

A subscription bar is to be opened in Berlin, where for $150 one can drink for a whole year, and where monthly subscriptions will be sold.

Of this year's graduating class at Princeton 32 will, it is said, become lawyers, 21 ministers, 14 doctors, 12 business men and 2 newspaper men.

A small boy killed a blue racer at Benton Harbor, Mich., the other day, by cutting off its head with a hatchet. The snake was fully six feet in length.

There are five girls in one of the Humphries families of Fleming county, Ky., and their names are Arkansas, Louisiana, Tennessee, Florida, Virginia.

Walter Crocker, an Allen county (Kas.) man, has recovered $2,654.80 from the Southern Kansas Railroad as damages for the loss of one of his eyes.

Beggary has been reduced to an art as well as a profession in Rome. In a recent case before the police an old man admitted that he had as many as 50 lies in daily use.

Mr. Joel Chandler Harris, an authority on fox hounds, bees and Jerseys, is feeding his herd on cotton seed balls, and says the result in milk, butter and beef is amazing.

The coin and slot device has been applied to children's savings banks. When once set for action a regulated number of coins must be dropped in the bank before it can be opened.

Down in North Carolina an 11-year-old son of the boss brick mason is earning his $2.50 a day. He is at work on the outside of the wall, where none but experts handle the trowel.

Look out for your rubber boots. A Yale sophomore is very seriously ill in New Haven, his blood having been poisoned by the anniline dyes of the lining of his rubber boots.

College journalism flourishes at Harvard, and its graduates or undergraduates also keep the daily newspapers of Boston, particularly the Sunday papers, supplied with college news.

A company has been formed in New York to manufacture sandwiches by the thousand and retail them throughout the city in liquor stores, offices and factories by means of peddlers.

In one small lake in Cuba containing about 200 acres an American recently counted 107 alligators, all fat, contented and healthy, and living in hopes of annexation to the United States.

A Bostonian still suffers from a blow on the head received 15 years ago from a base-ball while he was crossing the Common. He was obliged to give up business on account of the injury.

The proceedings of the Japanese parliament are reported verbatim by means of a stenographic system original in Japan. The characters are written in perpendicular rows from right to left.

The total Indian population is less than 250,000. Of these 21,232 live in houses and 9,612 families are engaged in agriculture. And among these so-called savages there are 28,663 church members.

An Australian who was hanging to the beam of a bridge and realized that he must fall made a verbal will to a companion, disposing of about $50,000 worth of property, and the courts have sustained it.

A resident of Newark, N J is in possession of a letter written by him to his wife in Dresden, in 1881, which failed to reach her there owing to her sudden departure, and which has, for the last eight years, been traveling about Western Europe.

At Crystal Falls, Mich., Mrs. Joseph Clark was found Monday with a 3-months-old babe and not a thing in the house to eat. She has lived on a dozen egg for a week. The good people provide for the starving woman's wants and will look after her in the future.

Poetry.

The Cry Of The Dreamer.

I am tired of dreaming and toiling
In the crowded hives of men;
Heart weary of building and spoiling
And spoiling and building again.
And I long for the dear old river
Where I dreamed my youth away;
For a dreamer lives forever,
And a toiler dies in a day.

I am sick of the showy seeming
Of a life that is half a lie;
Of the faces I ned with scheming,
In the throng that hurries by.
From the sleepless thoughts endeavor,
I would go where the children play;
For a dreamer lives forever,
And a toiler dies in a day,

I feel no pride, but pity
For the burdens the rich endure;
There is nothing sweet in the city
But the patient lives of the poor.
Oh, the little hands so skillful,
And child mind choked with weeds,
The daughter's heart grows willful
And the father's heart that bleeds.

No, no! from the street's rude bustle,
From trophies of mart and stage,
I would fly to the wood's low rustle,
And the meadow's kindly page.
Let me dream as of old by the river,
And be loved for the dream alway,
For a dreamer lives forever,
And a toiler dies in a day.

John Boyle O'Reilly in the Nebraska State Journal

Our Story Teller

THE ORDEAL.

Tiny Clarence sat in her pretty little parlor as a bright tropical bird balances itself on the swaying boughs of palm tree, for the carpet was of green and the window draperies were green, and the walls were just tinted of that delicate sea-green that shines translucently through the rolling billows of the deep; and she herself, curiously carrying out the unity of things, wore a dress of soft green cashmere, with silver lilie in her hair.

Her real name was Flora, but people called her Tiny; it was a pet name she had ever since she could remember—perhaps because she was small and dimpled and fairy-like, and had a fashion of nestling down on low ottamans and little foot-stools instead of perching herself on big, of stiff chairs, like full-sized mortals.

She was very fair, with a transparent skin, flushed with pale roses, and hair like floss-silk, where the burnished shadows came and went in golden glimmers, while her blue eyes were full of sweet, wistful expression—a human lily of the valley, in short.

At least, so Earnest Sargent thought as he sat looking at her, with his heart in his eyes.

'You will not give me the answer which is to seal my fate?'

'Not this morning, Mr. Sargent.'

'Why not? I have surely the right to ask the question.'

'I am no altogether certain that I have made up my mind, Mr. Sargent.'

Earnest's eyes brightened.

'You will give me the benefit of the doubt then?'

'I can't tell you just yet; I don't know myself. Can not you comprehend, Mr. Sargent,' she added, with a sudden spark of impatience in her soft eyes, 'that this matter of marriage is, with us women, something more important than the selection of a favorite shade in silks or the color of the spring ribbon?'

'I stand rebuked,' he said, rising and bowing somewhat ceremoniously. 'To-morrow morning, then, I am to call and get my answer.'

'Yes, to-morrow morning, if you like,'

So Ernest Sargent bent his head over Tiny Clarence's little roseleaf of a hand and went his way.

'Well, my dear,' said Mrs. Clarence, as Tiny came slowly upstairs, twisting the green tassels that hung from her waist, "what have you decided?"

'I have decided upon nothing at all as yet, mamma!'

'Don't you like Mr. Sargent?'

'Yes,' answered Tiny, after a moment or two of grave consideration; 'I suppose I do.'

'He is very rich, and, your father says, in a business whose profits are continually increasing. You would be wealthy, my child.'

'Is wealth the first object in life, mamma?'

'No; but it is more or less important; and then Mr. Sargent is very handsome.'

'I know it, Mamma.'

And then Tiny Clarence went further still upstairs to the room where Bridget was sweeping and dusting, in a frenzy of energy.

'Bridget,' she said, 'will you lend me your brown cloth cloak this afternoon, and the black silk bonnet? I want to wear them.'

'Is it fun ye're making of a poor girl, Miss Tiny? Sure, ye wouldn't even yourself to the likes o' them. And you, wid all the fine clothes a queen would wear!'

'But I am in earnest Bridget. I am going to see a poor woman who lives in a tenement-house down town, and I would rather dress so as to attract no particular attention.'

Bridget still stared, but she made no further opposition.

'I can't understand at all, at all, so I can't,' she said, shaking her frenzied head as she carried the aforesaid garments into Tiny's room. 'Sure, miss, it's like dressing the queen of the fairies up in a cabbage leaf. Your bonny face is lost entirely in the old bonnet, let alone the cloak covers you from head to foot, entirely.'

'Never mind that, Bridget. Now lend me the veil. There; that will do.'

Tiny Clarence felt curiously unlike the aristocratic little queen of fashion that she was as she rode down town in the extreme corner of a Second-avenue car, and alighted at length at a cross-street, whose narrow purlieus and swarming rows of tenement-houses on either side betokened it the residing place of the poor.

Turning neither to the right hand nor to the left, Tiny Clarence kept on her way until at length she entered a dwelling somewhere in the middle of the block, and ascended the long flight of carpeted wooden stairs which was common property to all the inhabitants.

Pausing at a door on the fourth story, she knocked softly.

'Come in,' was the reply, and opening the door Tiny Clarence entered.

It was a small room comparatively bare of furniture, but very neat. A little bed occupied the farther corner of the room, and the smallest possible remnant of a fire smouldering in the tiny grate, while one or two chairs and a pine table constituted all the rest of the outbuildings.

Close to the window a young woman sat sewing, while a crippled child played at her feet. She arose as Tiny entered.

'Is it you Miss Clarence?' she said, her pale face momentarily dyed with a deep tinge of color, as she courtesied a timid welcome: 'this is but a poor place for you to come.'

'Miss Clarence!' repeated our little heroine, reproachfully. 'You used to call me Tiny, when we were schoolgirls together, Helen!'

'But there is such a gulf between us now!'

'Because you are poor and I am rich? because you are a forsaken widow and I am still the favored child of fortune? Helen, you judge me unjustly!'

Helen Starr's eyes filled with tears.

'Dear Tiny, I will never do so again.'

'I have brought you some more sewing,' said Tiny, carelessly, as she sat down by the side of her sadly changed schoolmate. 'By the way, Helen, do you still sew for Sargent & Copley?'

'Yes, I am going there this afternoon to return some work and try to get a little more.'

'Are you?'

Tiny strove to speak unconsciously, although the deep crimson flushed her neck and brow.

'Would you object to my going with you? I—I have a great curiosity to see the inner workings of one of these great manufacturing establishments.'

'I shall be glad of your company.'

'Do they pay you well?' went on Tiny, affecting to be deeply interested in removing a speck of mud from the hem of Bridget's brown cloth cloak.

Mrs. Starr shook her head sadly.

'Starvation prices, Tiny, and Mr. Sargent has just cut down the wages one-quarter. He says times are hard, and he cannot meet expenses.'

'Yet he drives the handsomest horses in New York and lives in a brown stone palace,' observed Tiny.

'I know it, but such is the universal justice between employer and employed. We are powerless and they know it, these grinding rich people.'

She was folding up the bundle of neatly sewn shirts as she spoke and putting on her own worn and shabby outer garments.

'You will be good and quiet, Charlie, and not go near the fire until mamma returns?' she added, pausing on the threshold.

'Yes, mamma,' the child answered, with docile meekness.

'He was accustomed to being left alone, poor little fellow, and then Helen and Tiny set forth, together on an errand entirely novel to the latter.

It was 'pay-day' at the establishment of Sargent & Copley, and a long string of worn-looking women, some young and some old, but all pale and pinched, like plants that had grown in the shade were waiting their turn for the miserable remuneration due them.

Mr. Copley, a fat, oily-looking man, with a white neck-cloth and beaming spectacles, stood behind a ponderous ledger, a day-book, and Mr. Sargent, with an expression of face very different from what he had that morning worn in Tiny Clarence's boudoir, leaned against the edge of the desk and took in the work, examining and commenting on it as he did so.

For Mr. Sargent chose himself to superintend this portion of his business. Nor was the tongue of slander behind hand in proclaiming that he contrived to make money out of this personal supervision.

'Clara Coyt?' he called out sharply, as a pale freckled, young girl neared him, 'how much due Clara Coyt? Ten dollars and seventy cents. Take off $1—work greased from sewing machine.'

'But sir,' began the girl.

'Nine seventy—here you are! Pass on Clare Coyt! Now, then, Mary Macalister 50 cents!'

So he went on, quick to detect or imagine faults, vigorous to punish, merciless to exist fine's until scarcely one of the waiting throng received the amount of money due her.

When Helen Starr's name was called, she advanced timidly, with her brown clad companion at her side.

'Helen Starr!' sharply enunciated Mr. Sargent, scrutinizing her roll of work. 'Four dollars—deduct 40 cents!'

'On what account sir?' faltered Mrs. Starr.

'Work soiled in making up—pass on!'

'You are mistaken, Mr. Sargent, indeed,' pleaded Helen Starr; 'the stains were in the linen when it was given out to me. It is not in the least soiled in my hands.'

'I can't stop to argue matters with insolent sewing women in my employ!' snarled Ernest Sargent. 'Take your $3.60, Mrs. Starr, without any more words, or leave the establishment. We can get plenty of hands who won't tell lies.'

Helen Starr grew Crimson then pale, but knowing her own utter helplessness in the hands of this human vampire, she was about to take the miserable sum tendered her and pass on her way when a low, soft voice at her side detained her.

'Helen, stop an instant. Mr. Sargent,' and turning back the long black veil which had hitherto concealed her face, Tiny Clarence looked calmly into the rich bully's eyes. 'I am sure that my friend, Mrs. Starr, speaks only the truth. You lose all claim to the name of gentleman when you allow yourself to speak thus insolently to aught bearing the stamp and image of refined womenhood.'

'Miss Clarence,' he stammered overcome with confusion, 'there is some mistake here. I—"

'There is no mistake,' she answered, calmly contemptous. 'I have been near making one that might have lasted a life-time, but my eyes are fortunately opened.

Pay Mrs. Starr the money due her and let us leave this den of money-making iniquity!'

Mr. Sargent paid Mrs. Starr the $4 with undisguised awkwardness and strove to detain Tiny as she turned away.

'Miss Clarence," he faltered, 'will you allow me to explain—'

'No, Mr. Sargent,' she answered, haughtily, 'I will never allow you to speak to me again!'

She kept her word. Ernest Sargent's nature had been tried in the balance of her womanly discrimination and found wanting.

Tiny Clarence was heart-whole still!

In Royal Splendor.

Here is a description of a suite of rooms occupied by a girl of 9. Her name I will not give, for it would be unkind to pillory a child for the sins of her parents. She has a beautiful little sitting-room in white and gold. The walls are hung in rose-tinted silks, and special pieces of furniture diminutive in size, and including a small secretary in ormula with Sevres plaque that she may carry on her little correspondence. Here are toys, the elegant gifts she receives, and here she entertains her friends. Adjoining this room is her bed-room in satin wood, her brass bed hung with blue silk curtains. A dressing-room attached and in this is the culmination of luxury. The marble bath is set against the wall. The low marble basin is supplied with perfume soaps. Sponges of all sorts and sizes hang in racks. Perfumed waters in cut glass bottles, cold creams, delicate lotions all find a place. On her bureau are laid out expensive brushes and combs in repousse silver and exquisite toilet bottles and manicure cases in pearl. In one corner is placed a long cheval glass that she may contemplete her skirts and dainty footgear. The impropriety of calling this child's attention as specifically to the care of her body is already manifest, one can only wonder what there can be in reserve for her when she is grown.

Oklahoma Hotel Rates.

Gents goin' to bed with their boots on will be charged extra.

Three raps at the door means there's a murder in the house and you must get up.

Please rite your name on the wall paper, so we know you've been here.

The other leg of the chair is in the closet if you need it.

If that hole where that pain of glass is out is too much for you, you'll find a pair of pants back of the door to stuff in it.

The shooting of a pistol is no cause for any alarm.

If you're too cold, put the oilcloth over your bed.

Circosen lamps extra; candles free, but they mustn't burn all night.

Guests will not take out them bricks in the mattress.

Please don't empty the sawdust out of the pillers.

The rats won't hurt you if they do chase each other across your face.

If there's no towel handy, use a piece of the carpet.

CHINA'S GREAT DELUGE.

CHING LOW TALKS OF THE HORRORS OF THE GREAT FLOOD OF 1887.

Special Correspondence of the Press.

PITTSBURG, June 12.—While traveling through Ohio on my way to the Johnstown disaster I met a Chinaman, Ching Low, member of a manufacturing firm of Pekin, now traveling for health and observation. I found him exceedingly eager to learn all details regarding Johnstown and the surrounding country. He had lost two sisters and a brother in the great flood in China in the latter part of 1887, the greatest disaster of the kind of which history has any account. Ching Low is a man past 50 years of age, and was raised in Ho-Nain, the section that was deluged by the great overflow of the Hoang Ho River. A portion of the family still remained there. He was the eldest, and for some years had resided in Pekin, where he was in business. This flood he believed entailed a loss of fully a million people. Alongside of such a calamity the Johnstown disaster, terrible as it is, seems insignificant.

Among the attending horrors was cannibalism. In the agonies of hunger that even the Government was unable to alleviate hundreds were devoured by fellow-creatures. A brother of Ching Low was in a section where many persons were eaten, and he believed his brother was one of the victims. This extraordinary flood was caused by the bursting of retaining wells and overflow of the banks of the river, which Ching Low thought was a large as the Ohio. The country was very flat, and the disaster, coming in the night, there was little chance to escape. The devastation of the country was so great that it was weeks before outside aid reached the wretched district.

The district submerged was known on the map as Ho-Nain, but on account of its fertility was styled "The Garden of China." Anything that would grow in China would grow in Ho-Nain. There were over 2500 prosperous towns in the valley, and all these were destroyed even as completely as Johnstown is destroyed.

The overflow covered about 10,000 square miles, and the population of this area was equal to that of one of our largest States. In a few hours all this was under water, even the tops of trees being covered. Such a thing as the Hoang-Ho overflowing had never occurred to the inhabitants of the valley, and means of escape and rescue were meagre. Thousands upon thousands of peopledrowned like rats ina trap, and thousands more who escaped from the water died of starvation. To add to the horror a strange and fatal epidemic broke out among the distressed, and vast numbers were carried off by the disease. The government organized a system of relief and it was two years before it could relax its labors. For months the Valley of Hoang-Ho was a charnel house, whose bodies lay rotting by the thousands. The dead were buried and burned as far as possible but the loss of life was so great many bodies were never touched. It was such a fearful thing that hundreds who escaped with their lives were driven mad by the terrible scenes, and maniacs were everywhere encountered. It was many months before all these unfortunates were secured. Many of them were murdered by their fellows, and others, helpless and harmless, died of hunger and diseases.

Ching Low reached the devastated country as speedily as possible, but was powerless to do anything toward seeking his lost relatives. The town in which they had lived—a town of several thousand people—was almost completely wiped out. The family consisted of four. These were all supposed to have been lost, but a year after the flood a brother turned up, but his mind was deranged and he is now an inmate of a private asylum in Pekin. He has never been able to give any account of his escape, and his condition does not improve.

The loss of property by such a calamity was, of course, tremendous. The Government undertook to estimate it and it ran into the billions. It was as if a dozen cities like Cincinnati, Buffalo, Cleveland and Pittsburg had been utterly destroyed. Ching Low said this horror had been a constant nightmare to him and all its fearful scenes came back to him as he heard of the misery of Johnstown.

High Treason by Telephone.

Paris Despatch to the London Telegraph.

The telephone bell rang suddenly in the Elysee the other day just as President Carnot and the Cabinet Ministers were assembling in council. An official put his ear to the tube and heard an unknown person ask if he were in communication with the Elysee, as he had an important declaration to make. On being answered in the affirmative the unknown applied his mouth to the telephone and delivered the following message verbatum: "Vive Boulanger! You are all a pack of robbers!" The official ho received this astounding communication shrank back aghast, but recovering promptly his presence of min he informed the ministers of the occurrence. Telephone communication with the mysterious libeler was, of course, out of the question, for the utterer had cut off his tube; but inquires were set on foot, and they resulted in the arrest of a man named Poigny, a clerk, who had used the telephone of his employer in order to treat the denizens of the Elysee to a sample of his choicest Billingsgate. Poigny had, it appears, not acted through caprice of love of mischief, for he is an enthusiastic Boulangist, and it is believed that, full of ardor in the cause, he had seized the first opportunity which presented itself to villify and abuse those whom he regarded as the persecutors of his political hero. Poigny is to be tried for his insults by telephone, and he has an intention of alleging in defense that the extraordinary message was not transmitted to the Elysee by him, but by a person who asked his leave to use the telephone for a few moments.

A Visit to South Fork Dam.

Pittsburg Times, 17th.

At 8.30 o'clock yesterday morning a special train left the Union depot for South Fork, on board of which were fifty newspaper men of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia and a number of railroad and city officials. The purpose of the trip was to view what still remained of the wrecked South Fork dam and the washed out valley below. The train was in charge of Thomas E. Watt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. From Johnstown to South Fork gangs of laborers were working all alone the line. The work of reconstruction is being conducted by Superintendent Pitcairn and Mr. Trump, his first assistant.

At present 650 trackmen and 3,000 laborers are at work, and by the middle of the week a double track to Altoona will have been completed. At that time the "Limited" will be run again as usual, the company having refused to start it until schedule time can be guaranteed. The special train yesterday passed over two new bridges, one of which replaces the famous 82-foot viaduct, 600 feet of trestle and six or eight miles of newly-made road, all of which had been washed away by the flood.

The progress made in the reconstruction of the road during the past week is marvelous, and if the work continues for another week everything will be in perfect running order.

Trust a Lawyer,

Albany Journal.

An Albany lawyer who in his early days was fond of trout fishing was having good luck at a stream when a horny handed son of toil came upon the scene. He was the owner of the property. 'Don't yer see that sign?" said he, pointing to one of several with the same lettered inscription: 'No fishing allowed here.'

The lawyer answered in the affirmative by a nod of the head, at the same time landing a beauty.

'Perhaps you know the law on the subject?' again put in the farmer.

'Well, yes, I do. Would you like to hear it?'

The farmer then listened to an able interpretation of the law, and at its close ordered the angler to skip, as he was clearly by his own words a transgressor. He continued fishing, however, secured a good sting, and when he returned to Albany he began suit against the granger for $10 for counsel fees. And he won his suit, too.

One of Benedict Arnold's Boats.

Lewiston Journal.

A rumor comes from the Dead river logging camps that two trout fishermen recently resurrected a curious relic of antiquity from beneath the placid waters of one of the Carrying Place ponds. The story goes that they had finished fishing and were about to start for their camp when they found themselves unable to raise the anchor from the bottom. The rope was strong, however, and redoubling their efforts they pulled to the surface a rude shallop partially filled with stones, which had caught upon one point of the wooden hillock. The boat is supposed to be one of those used by Benedict Arnold in his daring but fruitless effort to capture Quebec. This is more interesting than the phantom craft of Lake Onaway.

He Wanted the Result.

"Well, if that isn't a shame!" exclaimed Mrs. Squildig, as she returned to her home in the suburbs last evening.

"What is it?" asked her husband who had not been to town.

"Why, they actually had a base ball game this afternoon, when so many poor people were lying dead at Johnstown."

"They did!" exclaimed Squildig, eagerly.

"Yes. It was so heartless."

"What was the score?"

The largest and most complete line of suitings now on exhibition on our counters that has ever been shown by us. Suits made to order at the lowest prices.
MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

SAVED BY A COUNTRY MAID.

Nebraska has a Kate Shelley and she is a farmer's daughter named Mabel Peck, living near Blair, who risked her life during the some Saturday evening to save from certain destruction freight train No. 20 on the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley line. Her father's farm lies near the railroad, between Blair and Hillsdale. During Saturday's storm Mabel noticed that the water was running down the track like a river. Thinking something might be wrong she threw her father's coat over her shoulders and went down to the crossing. There she found that 100 feet of road-bed had been washed under and the track was buried in debris.

At this moment, through the sound of the storm Mabel heard the whistle of the east-bound freight as it ran into Hillsdale. There was no one at the farm but her mother and no one near could aid her. Determined to save the train and its crew, the brave girl ran towards the cut through the torrents of rain and in the gloom of approaching night.

When the train was half-way down the grade approaching the washout the engineer saw the girl standing before it on the track waving the coat as a signal of alarm. The train was stopped in time and its crew thanked Mabel for saving their lives.

Miss Peck is eighteen years old, with slight, girlish figure and dark eyes and hair. Train No. 20 has adopted the custom of giving her a graceful salute of greeting each time it rolls past her father's farm house.

A Horse's Broken Heart.

The emotional life of the horse is remarkable. There are instances on record where the death of the horse has been traced directly to grief. One instance is called to mind which occurred more than twenty years ago. A circus had been performing in the little town of Unionville, Pa., when one of the trained horses sprained one of his legs so that he could not travel. He was taken to the hotel and put in a box stall. The leg was bandaged and he was made as comfortable as possible. He ate his food and was apparently contented until about midnight, when the circus began moving out of town. Then he became restless and tramped and whined. As the caravan moved past the hotel he seemed to realize that he was deserted, and his anxiety and distress became pitiful. He would stand with his ears pricked in an attitude of intense listening, and then as his ears caught the sound of the retiring wagons he would rush, as best he could with his injured leg, from one side of the stall to the to the other, pushing at the door with his nose and making every effort to escape. The stableman, who was a stranger to him, tried to soothe him, but to no purpose. He would not be comforted. Long after all sounds of the circus had ceased his agitation continued. The sweat poured from him in streams and he quivered in every part of his body. Finally the stableman went to the house, woke up the proprietor and told him he believed the horse would die if some of the circus horses were not brought back to keep him company. At about daylight the proprietor mounted a horse and rode after the circus. He overtook it ten or twelve miles away and the groom who had charge of the injured horse returned with him. When they reached the stable the horse was dead. The stableman said that he remained for nearly an hour perfectly still and with every sense apparently strained to the utmost tension and then, without making a sign, fell and died with hardly a struggle.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist Bellefonte. 21-1-1y

A Remarkable Upheaval.

Richmond Index-Appeal.

Some days since while Mr. Gattling was plowing on his farm in Prince George county, a short distance from Petersburg, on the Appomatox river, he was suddenly startled by a loud explosion. Mr. Gattling thought that the explosion had occurred on a government tug, which was on the river opposite his farm and was about to call to Mr. Morton Riddle, who was on the tug to ask him what had caused the explosion, but before he could get the words out of his mouth Mr. Riddle called to Mr. Gettling and told him that there had been an explosion down in a ravine a short distance from him (Mr. Gattling) and that the force of it had cut the limbs of the trees. Mr. Gattling then went to the ravine in which the explosion has occurred and found that the earth had been torn up and an aperature made to the depth of 6 feet and about 15 feet in width. Out of the aperture made by the explosion there flowed a substance, like a stream of water, which Mr. Gattling says had the taste and smell of kerrosene oil. Mr. Gattling has had some of the liquid sent to Philadelphia for analysis.

—It does one's soul good to see how those Altoona papers—especially the *Mirror*, *Times* and *Independent*—love one another.

Names and Floral Contributions on Memorial Day, May 30th, 1889.

Mrs. Sarah Young, bouquet.
" " " basket of flowers.
Willy Loris, bouquet.
Miss Mary Mequillen, wreath.
" Clara Weight, wreath.
" Miney " Cross.
" Mary Larimer, bouquet.
Charles Larimer, "
Lee Larimer' "
Fred Scott, "
Jerry Fasig, "
Katie " "
Joseph " "
Emma Shaffer, "
Lida " "
Charles M. Gares, "
Frank Dawson, "
Wm. Lucas, "
Grace Fellenbaum, "
Adaline Lyon, "
Sallie Dunlap, basket flowers.
Emma Gares, cross.
Ira Garman, bouquet.
Wm. Dorworth, bouquets.
Sally Gares, "
Samuel " "
Adda Laird, "
Gerty Scott, "
Celie Haupt, "
Lizzie Schofield, "
Nanie " "
Edward " "
Johnie Musser, "
Nannie Love, "
Wm. Auck, "
Paul Shaffer' "
Abbie Whippo, cross.
Mrs. D. Black, bouquet.
Ella H. Smith, cross and flowers,
Joseph Fox, bouquet,
Ethel Hellerman, bouquet.
Jasper Stover, "
Blanche Long, "
Gertie Irvin, "
Eddy Maginnis, "
Lizzie Murray, "
Fanny Nicely, "
Martin Smith, "
Hattie Wagner, "
Berdie Ward, "
Robbie " "
Lilly " "
Emma " "
Bella " "
Fred Beezer, "
Berley " "
Wallace Camp, 2 bouquets.
Mary Flack, bouquet.
Lilly " "
Gerty Gallagher, "
Maggie Hilder, "
Alice " "
Charles Laird, "
Mamie Hunter, "
Bertha " "
Charlie " "
Maggie " "
Edna Musser "
Jenna Nooner, "
Bertha Rowe, "
Clara Case, "
Sally Fitzgerald, "
Bertha McCafferty, "
Sally Case, "
Morris McCafferty, "
Minnie Case, "
James McNichols "
Frank Shaughensey, "
Ella Jones, "
Paul " "
Katy " "
Mary Walters basket and bouquet.
Ida Halterman, bouquet.
Leonard Anderson, "
Carry " "
Charlie " "
Nelly " "
Stella Stameroad, cross.
Samuel Gill, bouquet.
Jenny Taylor, "
Hattie Taylor, "
Gertie Stameroad cross.
Jane Stameroad, bouquet.
Eddy Cessna, "
Frank Miller "
Walter Sternburg, "
Charles Harris, "
Willie Brouse, "
Bessy " "
Mabel Ginter, "
Grace " "
Andrew Mequillin "
Mary Maginnis, "
Bessy Showers, "
Katie Beezer, "
Eddy Hill, "
Mamie " "
Annie Keans, "
Jenny " "
James Baney, "
Alfred " "
Lida Benner, "
Katie Fesher, cross.
Viney Stine, "
Rufus Strohm, bouquet.
Maurice Jackson, "
Wallace Reeder, "
Reginald Cooper, "
Isadore Baum, "
Fredda Baum, cross.
Harry " "
Wallace Gephart, cross.
Wilson " "
Mary E. " "
Katie Benner, bouquet and cross.
Daniel S. Keller, "
Luther E. Hughes, "
Mabel Fauble, bouquet.
Gertie Bloomfield, "
Samuel McClure, "
Agnes Scandling, "
Mamie Gross, "
Malcolm Reber "
Marian " "
Clara Williams, "
Bella Garbrick, "
Sue Holter, basket flowers.
Lawrence Hoover, bouquet
Fred Walls, "
Eddy Maginnis, "
John Whippo, "
Albert Shrock, "
Benna " "
Emma " "
Katie Wolf "
George " "
Levi Grebe "
B. H. " "
Charlie Smith, "
Luther " "
Clara George, "
Morice Baum, basket flowers.
Sadie Emlehtly, " "
Maggie Bell, bouquets,
John " "
Harry " "
Andrew " "
George Potter "
Wm. Wilson, "
Wilbert Meese, "
Harry " "
Minie Potter, "
James B Fiedler, "
Mattie " "
Hugh " "
Harry Otto, "
Edith " "
Lizzie Dewitt, basket flowers.
Maud Riley, " "
Mabel Cowdrick, bouquets,
Philip Weaver, "
Ralph Marshberger, "
Halle Gregg, basket flowers.
Charles Cox, fancy flowers.
Debra Folk, " "
Becc " " "
Hattie " "
Lizzie McClellan, bouquets.
Thomas " "
Anna " "
Debbib Long, "
Grace Shaffer, "
Mary Taylor, Honeysuckles.
Frank Derstine, bouquet.
Maggie Twitmyer, "
Leta " "
Edna " "
Annie Haupt, cross.
Ida Puff, "
Annie Houts, bouquets.
Martha Sagress, "
Maudie Clark' "
Nellie Delige, "
Anna Emil, "
John Munson "
Eddie Poorman, "
George Bird, "
Helen Harper, "
Arthur " "
Mary Cruse, "
Wade " "
Mary Bible, "
Guy " "
Maggie Abwood, "
Burce " "
Morris Otto, "
Charlie Longacre, "
Joseph Shockensey "
Teller Whippo "
Harry Armor "
Etta Carson "
Carrie " "
Bird Smith "
Clarence " "
Clarence Osmer "
Harvey McClure "
Birdie Bayard "
Wm. Vantries "
Hattie Williams "
Mrs. Parson "
Robert Rhine "
John P. Teats "
Willie C. Camp "
Eddie Hughes "
Addie Shuey "
Frank Graham "
Linn " "
Clarence Longacre "
Paul " "
Myrtle " "
Josie Willard "
Wardey " "
Ella Utz "
Lena Pactni "
Joseph Lee "
Nelson E. Grube "
Thomas Quick "
Edith Holtz "
John C. Haffer "
Blanche Jacobs "
Ida Tate "
Bessie Tate "
Samuel Gill "

The Need of Salt.

The importance of salt as an article of diet, according to a scientific writer is, overrated. A continued use of large quantities of salt produces scurvy. The large popular belief that an appetite for salt is universal among the lower animals is without foundation in fact. Dogs, cats and other carnivorous animals show no fondness for it, and the same is true of the fruit-eating animals. Even herbivorous animals do not eat salt regularly with their food, but only at long intervals, which suggests the thought that perhaps they take it as a vermifuge. In certain parts of the world where salt is unknown antelopes abound in countless numbers, and in parts of Africa where salt is abundant the antelopes show no fondness for it.

There are many instances in which flocks of sheep and herds of cattle have been reared sucessfully without salt. In certain parts of Central Africa salt is more scarce than gold, and to say that a certain man eats salt is to say that he is very rich. Yet the people living there have existed for ages and have enjoyed the best of barbarous health, without a taste of salt from infancy to old age. Salt is not in use in Siberia as a common constituent of food, and the same was true of the North American Indians previous to the discovery of the continent by Europeans and for many years after, and is still true of the Pampas Indians of South America.—Good Housekeeping.

What a Porterhouse Steak is.

Very few people who sit down to a good breakfast of "porterhouse" steak could tell, were they asked, what part of a bullock this choice tidbit is cut from. The "porterhouse" is that portion of the beef either side of the spine beginning where the ribs end and extending along to where the hip-bone begins. The tenderloin should form a part of the "porterhouse." This is a narrow strip of succulent and tender flesh, extending along or protecting the inner sides of the spinal column. Its high price is due to its choice quality, and the fact that even in the largest bullocks there are not above ten to twelve pounds of tenderloin. The term "porterhouse" is of English derivation, and it has no equivalent in either the German or French language, while tenderloin on the other hand, is known among the Germans as "lummel" and "fillet," by which latter name it is also known among the French. The term porterhouse" probably originated from the eating-houses and inns of England, also known as porter and ale houses. A customary order was, 'Give me a porter and steak,' and in time the name "porterhouse" probably was applied to the choice pieces of steak as distinguished from the more ordinary kinds.

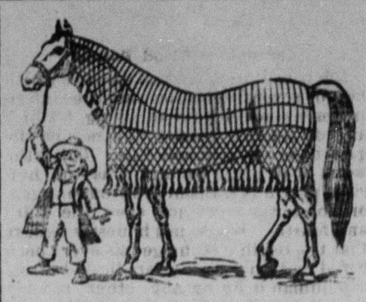
An Expert Who Says that Asphalt Will be the Pavement of the Future.

Prof. J. S. Newbury, of the Columbia College, in an article in the *School of Mines Quarterly*, says of the future street pavements:

"The best of all street pavements, as has been shown by experience in our and foreign cities, is made of asphalt. When asphalt pavements first came into use in this country they were largely made with coal tar, and proved defective in many ways; afterward the methods and materials used in the Old World were imported and gave excellent results. * * The result of the experience of the last ten years has clearly shown that the pavement made with the Trinidad asphalt is equal to any in the world and superior to any other kind of pavement in use. Its excellencies, cleanliness, silence and salubrity are so apparent that no argument is now needed to enforce them, and to these may be added, and placed first on the list, *economy*; for it costs as little and lasts as long as any other good pavement, and is much less trying to horses, vehicles and human nerves. It is rapidly growing in favor, and it is not too much to say that it is the pavement of the future, and is destined in most localities to supersede all other kinds."

Strange, But True.

The nomenclature of the base ball diamond has no terror for the boys of the land, and a 14-year-old lad who had frowns and sulks when he was to learn the definitions of half a dozen new words in a spelling lesson will save his coppers and buy a copy of the newest base ball manuals, and within four hours, not only learn all the new rules by rote, but know the definition of every three or four syllable words in the book. Just why this is so no one knows. It may be due to the same reason that makes a boy sulk when he is asked to carry a hod of coal from the cellar, while afterwards he'll run his legs off around the bases of a base ball diamond without a murmur.



SOMETHING NEW.

The Patent 5/A Clipper Fly Net has meshed bottoms which cannot tangle and lashes at the top which won't catch in the harness.

5/A Lap Dusters Closely Woven, 100 Beautiful Patterns.
5/A Ironsides Sheet Keeps Dirt and Flies from Horses in Stable.
5/A Clipper Fly Nets For Farmers and Teamsters. Equal to Leather at Half the Cost.

100 other styles of 5/A Horse Sheets and Fly Nets, at prices to suit everybody. For sale by all dealers. If you can't get them, write us.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL. Manufd by WM. AYRES & SONS, Philada. Who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets

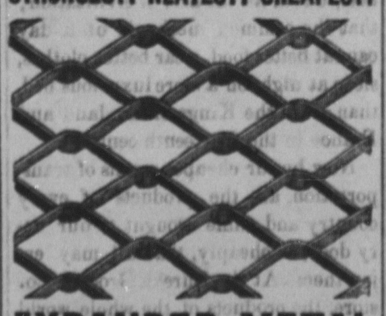
Do You Chew? Then get the BEST which is FINZER'S OLD HONESTY

Genuine has a RED H tin tag on every plug.

OLD HONESTY is acknowledged to be the purest and most lasting piece of Standard Chewing Tobacco on the market. Trying it is a better test than any talk about it. Give it a fair trial. Your dealer has it.

JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky

SOMETHING NEW FOR FENCES! STRONGEST! NEATEST! CHEAPEST!



EXPANDED METAL

MADE FROM STEEL PLATES FOR

LAWN OR FARM FENCES, WINDOW GUARDS, TRELLISES,

LATHING FOR BUILDINGS, ETC.

It can be made a substitute for nearly every purpose for which wire is used, and is far more durable, and cheaper.

Expanded Metal is made from a narrow strip of Steel, Brass or other like material, cut with the grain and pushed out or expanded into diamond-shaped meshes. It is much superior to wire work in every way, and it is solid at all points of intersection.

Send for Illustrated Circulars and Prices.

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO.
116 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUFFERING WOMEN MARRIED OR SINGLE,

When troubled with those annoying Irregularities so frequently following a cold or exposure, or from Constitutional Weaknesses so peculiar to their sex, should Use DR. DuCHOINE'S Celebrated

FEMALE REGULATING PILLS.

They are Strengthening to the entire system, Impart tone, vigor and magnetic force to all functions of body and mind. Sent by mail, securely sealed, $1. Address,

Dr. Harter Medicine Co., ST. LOUIS, MO.

On The Way.

The Cunard Royal Steamship, "Bothnia," on which the delegates to the World's Sunday school convention, London, departed on Wednesday, contained about 200 passengers. She left the dock about 10 o'clock on the 19th and will arrive at Liverpool on Saturday, the 29th. On the evening of Monday, July 1, the delegates will be received by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House.

The first meeting of the convention will be on Tuesday, July 2, in the Memorial Hall, Farrington street, London It will be opened at 9.30 o'clock a. m., and during that session the delegates will discuss Sunday school work in Great Britian, on the continent of Europe, in India, Africa and in heathen lands. On Wednesday attention will be given to work in America and Australia. The international lessons, organized Bible reading and the best methods of Bible study will be discussed. On Thursday the delegates will organize examinations for teachers and scholars, training classes and school missionaries. The management of Sunday schools will be discussed, and on Friday the Convention will be brought to a close by a meeting in Exeter Hall, presided over by the Right Hon. Lord Kinkaird. On Saturday, July 6, the Right Hon. the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen have invited the delegates to visit them at Dollis Hill.

J. W. Gephart, Esq., and Gilbert Beaver are among the passengers, and almost all the others are Sunday school delegates, which will make the company, *en route*, a most congenial one.

Stricken on his Engine.

A dispatch from Dubuque, Iowa, of the 19th, says: the body of John Meyers, a passenger train engineer on the Wabash, who died last Wednesday, was buried in this city Saturday. He was stricken with paralysis while on his engine just before reaching the end of his run at Sparta, Mo. He knew that his time had come, and told his fireman he had only a few hours to live. Summoning all his strength, he pulled upon the throttle of his engine and made the great machine bound in order to reach the station of Sparta before he became perfectly helpless. As the train dashed along the rigor became more intense, and when he dashed into the station he was almost completely paralyzed; his left arm alone was capable of action, and with it he shut off steam and stopped his train at the station. He was carried to his cab, and before his wife and children could reach his bedside he was speechless and died in a few minutes.

The book on the long lost Stewart Hassey was put on market June 18th. Agents wanted in every town, for terms write to Mrs. Hassey, 1909 Seventh Avenue, Beaver Falls, Pa.

TA-KA-KAKE



"TAKE-A-CAKE"

MRS. HENRY WARD BEECHER

Says, "I like it exceedingly."

TA-KA-KAKE is a New Cereal, Sugar Corn Flour, which cooks in 15 minutes, and makes Griddle Cakes, Gems and Muffins that are far more delicious than any made from Wheat Flour or Corn Meal. Ask your grocer for a package. Kept for sale at Eureka Grocery, High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

POTTER & WRIGHTINGTON, Boston.

mar29s3m-D40to.e w

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS



RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Original, best, only genuine and reliable pill for sale. Never Fail. Ask your Druggist for Chichester's *English* Diamond Brand, in red metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. At Druggists. Accept no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, plain wrappers, are a dangerous counterfeit. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 testimonials from LADIES who have used them. Name Paper.

Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

LOOK!

If you want a good situation write MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y., as they are in want of honest and upright salesmen to sell their choice and hardy varieties of Nursery Stock, either on salary or commission. Many new valuable varieties to offer. Write them at once and for terms.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

21-25-4t

SALESMEN WANTED.

Reliable men to canvas for NURSERY STOCK. Permanent employment. Salary and Expenses, or Commission, as preferred. 600 varieties, including fast selling specialties. Apply at once, It is now the best time in the year to begin

GLEN BROTHERS,
(Mention this paper.) ROCHESTER, N Y
21-25-4t

$1 FOR 13 WEEKS.

The NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS will be mailed, securely wrapped, to any address in the United States or Canada, for three months on the receipt of One Dollar. Liberal discounts allowed to agents postmasters and clubs. News agents can sell this paper freely, openly and above board. Sample copies mailed free. Address

New York Illustrated News,
252 Broadway New York City.

John L. Sullivan, the Terror of Fakes and Hippodromes, is the Sporting Editor.

THREE OF A KIND.

A Trio of Tramps Arrest their Arresters, but at Length are Arrested Themselves.

The occurrence related below is from the Clearfield *Raftsman's Journal:*

A week or more since, three tramps went through several stations along the Beech Creek railroad, and helped themselves to such trifles and valuables as suited their fancy. The next day the Constable of the district in which the offence was committed, was sent to arrest them. He went by rail to the Viaduct, near Peale, this county, and sure enough there he saw his game. He jumped off the train and in a business-like way walked up to the tramps and said: "You're just the fellows I want to see!" The words had scarcely passed his lips until the leader of the gang shoved a pistol in the Constable's face and ordered "hands up," at the same time telling his two pals, who were also well armed, to "cover a number of railroad hands who sat near by, eating their dinner.

Then, while the railroaders with unappeased appetites and faces pale with fear, and while the bold Constable who was "lookng for a man" held aloft his defenceless fists, the leader deliberately went through the officer's pockets and appropriated his revolver. Just about this time the track-boss, seeing what was up, with his revolver in hand ran to help the Constable out. The tramp waited until he got close behind him and then turning quickly around he poked his man-killer under the nose of the track-boss and told him to drop his pistol. At the second urgent invitation he dropped it, and it was also gathered in by the commander of the tramps. They then helped themselves to dinner from the laborers' buckets, sorted out some stuff already in their posession, and bade the officer and the railroaders an effectionate farewell, threatening to shoot the first man who attempted to follow them. What kind of a "return" the Constable made on the back of his writ is a matter of conjecture!

THE THIEVES CAPTURED.

The following day a railroad detective from Jersey Shore was put upon their track. At Peale he secured the aid of three other men and followed the tramps to Karthaus, and on down to Bedford, capturing them at the latter place in the hotel of Jas. T. Murry. The detective and party got the drop on them with their arms before they could offer any resistance and readily put them in irons. Each one was armed with two revolvers and a dangerous looking knife. The offenders were taken to Philipsburg and placed in the lockup to remain over night, but the "cooler" being of a very superficial character, failed to hold the prisoners and they fled during the night. A few days later they were arrested at Johnstown and sent to the Ebensburg jail, where they are now awaiting trial for robbing the dead bodies of flood victims. Capt. Clark went there and demanded the prisoners, but, fortunately for this county think we, the Cambria authorities refused to give them up.

The June CONNOISSEUR has a phototype in green tint for frontispiece, representing a vexed beauty of the eighteenth century, entitled "Chagrind' Amour," from the painting by Jacquet. Henry Havard's instructive article on "The Technical Art of Japan," is an interesting survey of a subject of growing importance here. An article on the American silverware by R Narrdol is in the style of Mr. R. Riordan, of whose name we notice Narrdol is an anagram. Eugene von Jagow, one of the most entertaining of Paris literateurs, contributes lively gossip concerning Paris Theatres and the Hotel de Ville The contents of this number are on a very high plane indeed. BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE, Twelfth and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia. 50 cents a year, THE CONNOISSEUR is the best and cheapest magazine of its kind published.

"The Temperance Question in India," a matter which is now before the British Parliament, will be treated by Bishop Hurst, of the Methodist Church, in the July *Century*. It is stated that the intoxicating liquor furnished to the natives of India by the Government is called by them "Apka Shrab," or "Government Shame Water," and that it is supplied at the very reasonable rate of four cents a bottle.

Good Health for June is a fine number. The second installment of Dr. Oswald's "International Health Studies" is an illustrated paper on France. Kate Lindsay, M. D., has an excellent paper upon "Dress in Relation to the Muscular Development of Women," which every woman ought to read, and Fannie Bolton, in a pleasant story, instances how in society "Revelation Works Revolution." There is also a well-written article of careful research by Myrta B. Castle, on "Fashionable Amusements Two Thousand Years Ago," and an educational paper, "The Industrial Kitchen-Garden System," by E. L. Shaw. The leading article in the Social Purity Department is by J. H. Kellogg, M. D., and treats of that most unremunerative crop—"wild oats." The transatlantic article, also by the Editor-in-Chief, "Health Observations in England," is both pleasant and profitable reading. The paper on "Vegetable Soups," by Mrs. E. E. Kellogg, A. M., will do much toward correcting false ideas concerning vegtarian diet, and the soup itself, carefully prepared according to her directions, will do still more. A year's subscription to this journal will be an excellent thing to have in the family. $1.25 per year; single copies, fifteen cents. Good Health Publishing Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

State Teachers Association.

The thirty-fifth annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Teachers Association will be held at Altoona, on July 9th, 10th and 11th. Excursion tickets will be sold on presentation of orders. In applying for excursion tickets address the Secretary, J. Fletcher Sickel, Germantown, Pa.; enclose stamp, and be careful to give the full name and address, stating clearly the numbers needed, the railroad and name of the station from which you start, and name of each railroad upon which you will travel in going to the meeting. The agent at your starting point will be a reliable person, to give information as to the best route, etc.

THE MILITARY ALERT.

There May Yet be Serious Trouble in Stricken Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, June 20.—A train consisting of nineteen freight cars, loaded with provisions of all kinds, arrived in Johnstown to day from Calderon, Neb. Among other things the cars contained were horses and carts. A number of citizens came with them and tendered their services to Gen. Hastings.

Sixteen bodies were found to-day, and many of them on account of their advanced stage of decomposition were promptly buried after being completely covered with oil. The stench is becoming daily more sickening and unbearable.

The quiet, subdued feeling which has prevailed since the flood is giving way to one of unrest, discord and danger. As yet there has been no open outbreak, but repeated breaches of the peace occur. During the day and to-night a free fight occurred in which Joseph Turner, of Lawrenceville, was assaulted and probably fatally hurt by Tom Collins, of Philadelphia. All the idle men who can get intoxicated are drinking and to-night the militia are resting upon their arms.

It has been announced to-night that the strike which began this morning has been declared off and that a thousand or more men have been paid and discharged, but the discharged men have as yet refused to abandon the place and the authorities have announced that all idlers must leave early in the morning, else the militia will be called upon to drive them away. In such an event serious trouble is contemplated. New men are coming in on every train and all contractors have agreed in future to furnish their men with more and better rations.

Dubois' Prosperity.

On June 18 of last year DuBois, Clearfield county, was entirely destroyed by fire. The *Courier* celebrated, not the fire, but the rebuilding of the town, in its issue of Tuesday, the 18th, by appearing printed in red ink. In the course of its remarks, the *Courier* said:

"To-day strangers walk through the streets amazed at the rows of brick blocks, which now make the town and they well might be, in the knowledge that, not only a town but actually a city has been built substantially by DuBois enterprise, as the insurance and contributions combined were but a drop in the bucket in replacing the loss of more than $1,000,000 worth of property. Young blood, the kind that circulates in DuBois, is dauntless in its inspirations. The ground still retained that heat of the great conflagration when the charred remnants of the town began to disappear and new earth was thrown up to make a resting place for the foundation of a new city. The young men pulled together their natural resources, having none of the acquired remaining, and went to work, and news soon spread abroad that DuBois would revive, and the people of all this part of the country could still count its being the lasting commercial centre and metropolis of all this vast bituminous and lumber region.

A Wedding in Lewisburg.

A very notable wedding occurred in Lewisburg on Thursday, the 13th of this month, when Miss Elizabeth K. Gerhart, of that place, was married to Edgar D. Faries, Esq., of the Philadelphia bar, the groom being quite well known here. There were six bridesmaids, whose names are given and dresses described as follows:

Miss Bessie M. Warder, Miss Edith V. Hedges, Miss Anna H. Faries, Miss Juliet R. Sweet, Miss Edith Furst and Miss Mamie Thomas, keeping perfect time to the music, and each one carrying an immense bouquet of pink carnations, with large daisies nodding above them. They were remarked for their beauty and were dressed in the perfection of simplicity in white silk mull over surah gracefully folded ever the shoulders and V shaped at the neck, tan colored gloves and with large folded sashes of light silk around their waists. The dresses were without trains, which added much to their appearance and were most effective in enhancing the natural charms of the wearers.

The Misses Hamill, of Oak Hall, this county, were among the numerous guests present.

Why He Stayed.

She—So sorry you are obliged to go to town to-morrow, George; but if it must be so, darling, I wish you would bring down two or three hats for me to see. And while you are there, dear, you might call and see how mother is.

He—I don't think I need go now, dear.

One of the heaviest things on earth is a sheet of paper after it has been transformed into a farm mortgage; it always takes a strong man and his whole family several years to lift it, and often it can't be lifted at all.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for each insertion.
Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

FIRE FOLLOWS FLOOD.

TWENTY-FIVE HOUSES DESTROYED BY THE FLAMES IN JOHNSTOWN.

From the Johnstown *Tribune* of June 24: About half-past 12 o'clock to-day word was sent up to the Philadelphia firemen, whose engines are scattered about town, that the fires in the First ward had got beyond the control of the guard. Immediately the three engines on this side of the river were taken to the scene, but considerable difficulty was experienced in finding convenient plugs and before water was thrown the flames had eaten up a number of buildings and were seeding on more. So soon as the attachments were made, the excellent work of the Philadelphia firemen showed itself. Within three-quarters of an hour the flames were under control, though many of the houses and much of the debris in the burning district were still aflame.

The origin of the fire was probably from one of the piles of debris that had been fired close to a number of frame houses on Market street, near the school house. From these the flames spread to adjoining houses and lumber, until all but three wrecked structures in the district bounded by Market and Walnut streets, and by Main street and the river, were consumed. About twenty-five structures were burned, of which probably one-third could have been moved back upon their foundations. Three brick school houses on the Market street lot, which had been but slightly damaged by the flood, were entirely destroyed. So also, were the residences of Messrs. John H. Allendorfer and John W. Seigh, which, though floated from their foundations, were in such good condition that both have been moved back again.

None of the houses, so far as learned, were occupied by people, though some of them contained household goods. In some cases these were rescued, but the fire spread so rapidly that others were consumed before they could be reached. Dr. Walters lost $500 worth of books, household goods, etc., which he had saved from the wreck and had stored away in his house. Among the other houses burned were those of D J Jones, J W Stevens, E W Jones, David E James and William J Lewis.

An immense crowd of people gathered about the fire and the work of the firemen was greatly impeded by some of the more inquisitive ones. About 3 o'clock General Wiley ordered out every soldier in camp, under arms, and they were immediately marched down to the scene of the fire. At the hour of going to press the ruins are still smouldering, but all danger from this source is now past and the firemen and engines are ready to cope with any fresh outbreak.

Carmolt has Possession of the Horses.

On Monday we copied from the Tyrone *Herald* an account of the way a Tyrone sharper took two horses from Irvin Gray, of Half Moon, who was then in Tyrone. The Monday's issue of that paper contained further developments which show that the aforesaid "sharper" is still in possession of the animals. Here is what it says:

The two horses of Mr. Gray, which he traded for one, were apprehended at Bellwood and returned to Tyrone; where a hearing was given Mr. Carmolt, resulting in the binding over to court of that gentleman, who had no trouble in finding good and sufficient bail. At the same time the Gray horses were left in charge of Constable Snyder with directions from the prosecutor's attorneys, Hicks & Templeton, to hold them until the matter was settled, but the defendant's attorneys, Stevens & Owens, stepped in and advised the constable to deliver the goods, alive and in good health, up to the defendent, which was done, and said defendent, Mr. Carmolt, forthwith loaded the two animals for which he gave one—now enjoying full rations at the stables of City hotel—and shipped them to Phœnixville. Thus the matter stands—nobody wants to own the animal at the hotel stables, while both claim the two at Phœnixville. Of course the turn of things has brought the wrath of the plaintiff's attorneys up to a white heat, and they declare that the constable will shell out a good and sufficient quantity of his year's salary for violating their instructions, by surrendering the animals to the other side of the show.

A Striking Parallel.

The series of reverses through which the cause of prohibition has lately been passing is ably compared to the trial and crucifixion of Christ by a writer in the Rockford *Monitor*. He says in effect: The leaders of the people accused Jesus of three crimes—"Perverting the nation," "Forbidding to give tribute to Cæsar," and "Stirring up the people." These same accusations are brought against prohibition. It perverts the nation, threatening a moral upheaval that would loosen the grip of the rum power on the machinery of government. If successful, it would cut off $900,000,000 of revenue which our Cæsar now gets as tribute money for allowing the liquor traffic, like a vampire, to suck the life-blood of the nation. It is an agitator, and "stirreth up the people," not only talk, think and act, but to vote. As with Christ so with prohibition. Both have the sympathy of women. "They crucified Him between two thieves." Prohibition is crucified between high license and no sumptuary laws. But it will arise. Every great or good idea, principal, or person must have a trial and crucifixion but each also has a resurrection, which is sure to precede overwhelming victory. So it will be with prohibition.

JOHNSTOWN'S DEAD.

It is Now Believed that Fully Ten Thousand Perished,

The physicians of Johnstown, after discussing the calamity, join in the conclusion that not a soul less than 10,000 people were lost in the flood. On account of the general knowledge of the people possessed by the physicians the estimate is looked upon as reliable.

Eleven bodies were recovered Saturday. Among those found were James Murtha, wife and three children. The Building Committee Saturday morning commenced the construction of the fifty business houses on the public square.

August Brumgardner, a resident, and a foreign laborer, both employed in clearing up the wreckage near the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge, were reported dangerously sick with blood poisoning in their arms. The sun blistered their bared arms and the fetid water poisoned them. The arms of both men were swollen out of all proportion and the physicians express little hope of the recovery of either. The foreign laborer was sent to a Pittsburg hospital and Brumgardner is at his home in Kernville.

Two new cases of typhoid fever were reported among the workmen and were taken to the Red Cross Hospital. The Red Cross people have opened additional headquarters near General Hastings' headquarters. This organization is still doing much good.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

The first week after the recent flood found many places in this central section of Pennsylvania completely isolated and cut off from all communication with the rest of the world. Eastward and westward the main line of the Pennsylvania was practically useless. And during the second week we could go west by Broad Top line, and eastward by Lock Haven and Williamsport. The people have had a foretaste of the actual value of this great thoroughfare and artery through which the commercial life of this State especially flows and of the comforts, conveniences and blessings that would be destroyed if this main line of Pennsylvania was swept permanently away beyond reparation. One week was enough to show what a calamity would result therefrom; how indispensable our main railways are to the existence of our business relations, and comforts of our present social well being; and how little we realize that our prosperity is identified with the facilities which our railway traffic give to the rapid transit of passengers and freight—destroying time and space to a very large extent. One week of isolation and blockade was enough to enable us to realize what stagnation and isolation would follow a return to the old system of transit. Our immense populations in the large towns and cities would be broken up, and famine would prevail with all its terrors. In times like those which prevailed during the flood we can form a higher estimate of the actual value to the community of our great lines of intercommunication, and especially of our own great Pennsylvania railroad system.—Tyrone *Herald*.

A Novel Plan of Selling Whiskey.

A friend of the editor suggests a new and novel plan of dealing with the whiskey business. He says: "I think the temperance people better adopt my plan, which is to have one place in each town of less than 10,000 people where liquor is sold with a government official at a salary to do the selling. When a person is found drunk in the streets or elsewhere, he will be reported and not sold any more liquor. There will be no drinking on the premises, but any one who has not violated the law can buy liquor in any quantity and take it away for use. The abuse prohibits the sale to the one who abuses it, and yet all can have what they want to use so long as they use it properly. By this method all good temperance laws can be enforced, because the pecuniary incentive which induces men to break the law is taken away from the seller, who is paid by the government and who don't care a cent whether he sells one gallon or a million gallons in a year. The government now keeps watch over every gallon manufactured and can just as well arrange to sell it in this way. This would do away entirely with the saloon business and all its consequent evils. In large towns one person and assistants to each ward is enough to sell all that is required for the use of the people of that ward."

A swallow may not make a Summer, but a frog makes a spring.

HAPPENED AT HOUSERVILLE.

"Strawberry" and "Ugly Joe" Send Plenty of News from that Locality.

Plenty of rain at present.

Mr. Custer Wagner, of Rock, was in Houserville one evening of this week.

Mr. G W Scholl, accompanied by his wife and daughter, Mrs. Tibbens, had business in Bellefonte one day last week.

A B Cowher still continues his calls at Fillmore It seems that the line of his affection has fallen at that place.

We are pleased to note the return of I J Wirtz, our book agent, who has been spending some time with his sister, Mrs. Duey, in Snow Shoe.

Mr. George Cronemiller and son, Aaron, were among those who spent Saturday in Bellefonte.

Miss Blanche Jordon had the honor of entertaining Mr. C T Coral, of State College, Sabbath evening.

The public school, which is taught by J Shelenberger, will close this week.

Messrs. D F and H H Houser attended the festival at Fillmore Saturday evening.

Our enterprising factory man, G S Keller, is doing a good business at present.

We are sorry to note the death of Mrs. Thomas Miller, of Huntingdon Furnace, Mrs. Miller is a sister of A B Cowher, of this place.

Mr. P B Wirtz is having some new fence erected on his farm which adds greatly to its appearance.

On Thursday evening Mr. S W Jackson and Miss Maggie Rhone were married at the U B church parsonage by Rev. G W Emenhizer.

Mr. James Hamill of your town made an address here on Prohibition the Saturday before the vote was cast.

Mr. James Palmer, after spending a few days with his son, R C Palmer, of this place returned home at Potters Mills.

Mr. John Brought and sister, Miss Fannie, of Lewistown, spent a few days with relatives at this place, during their stay in this valley. They were accompanied by Mr. D F Houser and Miss May.

I J Wirtz is at present agent for the book, the "History of the Johnstown Flood." He is meeting with good success in selling this book which is of much interest to the readers.

It is not correct that Miss Blanche Jordon has left Houserville. She is still with the family of G S Keller, where she has been the past year.

Rev. Emenhizer preached in the U B church Sabbath at 11 o'clock.

STRAWBERRY.

Things are prospering in our town.

Mr. Thompson has his barn completed.

We noticed Mr. John Reeser and his son, Andrew, passing through here driving a very fine animal which is one he raised among four or five others which are even superior to this one. Mr. R. has some excellent stock.

Mr. Hockman, of Clearfield, was the guest of Miss Nannie Coble at her pleasant home. Miss C. just knows how to entertain guests and you bet your life Mr. H. knows it, too.

Miss May Houser has a very fine selection and collection of beautiful flowers which she gives more and better attention than she does her best fellow.

We understand that Mr. E. M. Shuey intends to gather cream for the Lemont creamery, and we think Mr. S. just knows how to do it, too.

Grant says he would like very much if Lucy would have those dogs tied up; they are very annoying.

Buzz Tressler was seen on our streets Sabbath afternoon. He sports a very fine gig. Come again, Bob.

Miss Bessie Wasson has returned again from a visit to Frederick City, Md., where she has been visiting for quite a while. She reports the country very pleasant.

Mayes & Company have purchased a new wagon which they intend to use as a delivery wagon for the beautiful and substantial productions of their factory.

Farmers are commencing to cut grass and make hay.

Mr. E. Houser has built quite an extension to his house. UGLY JOE.



Once I was a dandy roadster
with a flowing tail and mane;
My legs were straight—
I could strike a gait
That would down a railroad train.
But the boss bought an Osborne Binder,
And, oh Lord, how it made me groan;
And as for me, you can plainly see
I am nothing but skin and bone.
MORAL—Buy the Whitely Binder sold by SWARTZ & DUBBS, Bellefonte, Pa. j27 1w

If the liver and kidneys are sluggish and inactive, Hood's Sarsaparilla will arouse them to prompt and regular action. Take it now.

MR. CHAUNCY M. DEPEW makes the confession that the secret of his success as an after-dinner orator, lies in his study of information from the encyclopædia and his digestion of the facts, which brings them out in a unique and surprising form. This suggests that if the material sustenance which he absorbs at those banquets is digested in the same remarkable manner, the result may be ruinous to that gentleman's internal economy.

Contagious Blood Poison

is the constitutional blood diseases which has for several centuries past been infesting mankind with its annoying features and destructive results, and is now the great bane of the human race. This is the worst of all blood contagion, as the horrible poison is transmitted from one generation to the next, and even the third and fourth. We do not honestly believe that the terrible scourage has ever been cured and thoroughly eradicated from the human body by any other remedy than Swift's Specific, and we further say that Swift's Specific has never been known to fail to make a permanent cure in any case when it has been taken before any of the vital organs had become so impaired as to render a cure impossible.

Swift's Specific entirely cured me of a severe case of blood poison which obstinately resisted and refused to be cured for over 26 years. The regular medical remedies of mercury and potash only added fuel to the flame. I suffered during most of this long time with ulcers, blotches, and sores of the most offensive character, and was for a long time practically an invalid. In less than thirty days use of S. S. S. I was all cleared up sound and well. This has been nearly a year ago, and no sign of any return of the old enemy. JOHN B. WILLIS.
87 Clark Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Coffee At The Eureka.

As we have told you in previous issues, the Coffee plant is a native of Arabia; and Coffee as an article of commerce was first introduced into western Europe, about the sixteenth century. Considerable effort was also made by progressive European nations, to spread the growth and cultivation of the Coffee plant to various parts of the world; where the climate was suitable for its growth.

Many interesting stories can be told of the effort made, and self denial practiced, by these benefactors of their race. By these sturdy men who brought not the sword, but sought to encourage the avocations of peace among men. It was these men who introduced the cultivation of the Coffee plant to the American continent. Thus the story runs—:

In 1714 the Burgomaster of Amsterdam presented to Louis XVI, King of France, a specimen of plant, originally brought from Java. It was planted in the Tuileries, and cultivated with great care. In 1717 several shoots were sent to the island of Martinigue, in the West Indies in care of our Declieux, an admiral in the French Navy.

The voyage was an uncommonly long one. Owing to the bad weather prevailing during the whole time, the ship's crew had to be placed on a short allowance of water. Through this lack of water the plants all died except one, and this one was saved by Declieux denying himself, and sharing his own scanty supply with the plant. In this way, happily, he succeeded in bringing it safely to Martinigue uninjured.

From this single plant, so chivalrously saved by this French Admiral, are now growing the numerous varieties to be found at the present day on our continent. Thus it is that the products of the continents are distributed over the whole planet, to be of service to all its people. For what is true of Coffee, is also true of other products of agricultnre.

To the ancient Briton, not only was Coffee unknown, but potatoes, Indian corn or maize and hundreds of other products, which now contribute to the health and comfort of the people. Indeed, so thoroughly has this work been done, not only in our food products, but in all the arts of civilization, that the common mechanic of to-day can eat better food, wear better clothes, sleep at night on a more luxurious bed, than could the Kings of England and France in the fourteenth century.

Now by our cheaper means of transportation, are the products of every country and clime brought to our very door, so cheaply, that all may enjoy them. At the Eureka Grocery Co. store, the products of the whole world are brought, and sold at prices which defy competition.

We have Coffee from Java, the queen of the Eastern Archipelago; washed on the north by the sea of Java; on the east by the strait of Bali, on the south by the Indian Ocean; and on the west by the strait of Sunda From Mocha, the capitol of Yemen, in Arabia, situated on the Red sea, at the head of a little bay, near the strait of Babel-Mandeb, where all around the shore is a hot and sandy waste. From Brazil and many other places. We have everything in the grocery line from everywhere. Come and see us.

Eureka Grocery Co.,
High St.,
Bellefonte, Pa.
next door to Post-Office.

TEA AT THE EUREKA.

The Japan Tea, sold by the Eureka Grocery Co., comes from a province of Japan, where the best tea is produced, and where, for many centuries, this tea has had the preference among the best tea drinkers; and where the cultivation of the plants and the picking of the leaves the greatest care is given. The White Cross and Blossom teas are packed for shipment in the Perfection cans at the place of production, and sealed up air-tight so that none of the aroma of the delicate leaves can be lost. Each package contains a certificate as a guarantee of uniform quality and full weight. There is nothing in the market—superior to the two brands namedabove.

We can confidently recommend them to all lovers of Japan tea. They are free from all coloring matter, and perfectly pure. We have also the finest quality of China teas, both black and green, of every known brand. The people of Centre county are not so universally tea drinkers as are the people of many other sections of the country. This perhaps is a mistake, for we have the best medical authority for saying that tea is a very healthy drink. It is the "cup that cheers but not inebriates.'

It has the remarkable effect of diminishing the daily waste or disintegration of the bodily tissues; and if the waste be lessened, the necessity for food to repair that waste will obviously be diminished in an equal proportion. In other words, says, Professor Johnson: "By the consumption of a certain quantity of tea, the health and strength of the body will be maintained in an equal degree, upon a smaller supply of ordinary food. Tea, therefore, saves food—stands to a certain extent in the place of food—while at the same time it sooths the body, and enlivens the mind."

Dr. Park regards it as a most useful article of diet for soldiers, and it is well known that cold tea is preferred to beer by sportsmen, reapers and others, engaged in laborious work in hot weather. Old and infirm persons derive more benefit, and personal comfort from tea than from any other corresponding beverage. In fevers, tea in the form of a cold, weak infusion is often of great service. In persons of gouty and rheumatic tendency weak tea taken without suger is the best form of ordinary drink.

A cup of strong green tea, especially if taken without sugar or milk will often remove a severe nervous headache. It is nearly as powerful an antidote in case of opium poisoning as coffee, and very strong tea has been the means of preserving life in cases of poisoning by tartar emetic. If these reasons satisfy you that you ought to drink more tea, get it at the Eureka Grocery Co. store, where you will be sure of obtaining a fine article. We keep also constantly on hand, everything in the grocery line.

Eureka Grocery Co.,
High St.,
Next door to Post-Office.

Disarming an Unseen Foe.

"This is sometimes a paradox," as Hamlet says. Since however, the people of America and other lands have been enabled to pit Hostetters Stomach Bitters against that unseen foe, malaria, it is no longer a paradox, but an easy possibility. Whenever malaria evolves its misty venom to poison the air, and decaying unwholesome vegetation impregnates the water, there, in the very stronghold of miasma, is the auxiliary potent to disarm the foe and assure efficient protection. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake, no matter how tenaciously they have fastened their clutch on the system, are first forced to relax their grasp and eventually to abandon it toalgether. But it is its preventive force that should chiefly recommend the Bitters to persons dwelling in malaria cursed localities, for it is a certain buckler of defense against which the enemy is powerless. Cures, likewise, dyspepsia, rheumatism, kidney and bilious ailments.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Sold by F. Potts Green Druggist, Bellefonte. 21-1-6m



Wolff's ACME Blacking
IS A GREAT LABOR SAVER.
A SHINE LASTS A WEEK.
RAIN AND SNOW DON'T AFFECT IT
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
MAKES A SHOE WATERPROOF.
USED BY MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
Can be washed like Oil Cloth, and absolutely
Softens and Preserves all kinds of Leather.
Ask for it, and do not give up till you get it, and you will be well rewarded.
Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, Druggists, &c.
For Harness it is unequaled.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED at once to sell the only authentic, Complete and graphic

History of the Johnstown Flood.

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

with views of all sorts connected with the terrible scenes of the inundation. 12mo. 400 pages Price $1.50. Liberal Terms. Thousands want it. Demand is immense. Send quickly 30c for Outfit to J. W. Keeler & Co., 823 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans*, ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st. N.Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WILLIAM I SWOOPE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
21 26 1y Furst Building, Bellefonte, Pa

19,000 AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE TO SELL THE ONLY AUTHENTIC, Complete and Graphic

History of the Johnstown Flood

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED with views of all sorts connected with the terrible scenes of the mighty inundation. 12 mo. 400 pages, Price $1.50 LIBERAL TERMS. Thousands want it. Demand is immense. Send quickly 30 cents for Outfit to 25 J W KEELER & CO., 823 Chestnut St., Phila

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Reported up to 12 o'clock, by

DE HAVEN & TOWNSEND,
BANKERS,
42S Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Stocks Bought and Sold and carried on favorable terms

PHILADELPHIA, June 24, 1889.

	Bid	Asked
U S 4½'s, coupon	106¾	¾
" 4's "	129¾	¾
Pennsylvania R R	51¾	¾
Philadelphia & Reading R R	24½	¾
Lehigh Valley R R	53¾	¾
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co	53¾	¾
Western N Y & Penn	10¾	11
New Jersey Central	112	¼
Northern Pacific Com	28¼	¾
" Prefered	66¾	67
Oregon Transcontinental	36	¼
Union Pacific	61¾	¾
Western Union	86¾	¾
Richmond Terminal	25¾	¾
Louisville & Nashv	70¾	¾
Pacific Mail	46¼	¾
Delaware Lackawanna & Western	141¾	¾
New York & New England	51¾	¾

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, June 26, 1889.

Red Wheat, per bushel	85
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	80
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	45
Corn (shelled)	40
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	27
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5.50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	6.50
Flour, wholesale	5.00
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$18.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.50

Provision Markets.

(Corrected weekly by R L Erhard)

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried Currents, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	12
Cheese, per pound	15
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	14—15
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	12½
Lard, country, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	25
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	10—12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	30
Dills, sweet, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1 55
Apples, per bushel	$100

NOTICE TO STONE MASONS: Sealed proposals will be received by the Commissioners of Centre county at their office in Bellefonte, and by the Commissioners of Clearfield county at their office in Clearfield, until 2 o'clock p m. Thursday, July 11, 1889., for the erection and construction of two abutments and a pier for the support of a wrought iron bridge to be erected across the Susquehanna river at Karthaus, conjointly between Centre and Clearfield counties.

The plans and specifications will be furnished by the said Commissioners and can be seen at their respective offices, in Bellefonte and Clearfield

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Also, under the same conditions and stipulations as above, seared proposals will be received by said boards of Commissioners, until the time stated, for the erection and construction of two abutments to support a wrought iron bridge to be erected across Moshanon Creek, at the mouth of Little Moshanon Creek.

Attest: J. B. STROHM, Clerk.
J C HENDERSON,
JOHN D DRUCKER,
M S FIEDLER, } County Commissioners.
Commissioners' office, Bellefonte, Pa., June 17, 1889. 21-26 2t

—A large tree blew down on Friday afternoon on Spring street. It was located near the property occupied by Mr. S. M. Buck, and fell during the great storm. It landed very nicely, full length, on the pavement.

—Over at Maitland's boiler shops on Friday they had a boiler which was entirely too large for successful and easy management. At least, it got ahead of them and went rolling all over the railroad track.

—Some Lock Haven merchant sent a quantity of flood-damaged shoes and straw hats to this place on Friday and they were exposed for sale on the pavement in front of the Court House. They were sold for whatever they would bring.

—Among the many endearing recollections of the Prohibition campaign—at least, to the people of Blair county—will be the participation in it, in the interest of whiskey, of Mr. Scott Wilson, the one time insurance agent and who used to prefix "Rev." to his name.

—Mr. Robert Speer, son of Hon. R. Milton Speer, of Huntingdon, took the oratorical prize at Princeton College. It is $130. He is also the valedictorian of his class. He is the young man who delivered a temperance lecture in the Reformed church last summer.

—The Milesburg Baptist church will hold a festival at the church on the afternoon and evening of July the Fourth, also in the evenings of the 5th and 6th following. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the church. The public generally are most cordially invited.

—Advertising does pay. A Tyrone tailor, who advertises, alleges that during the flood, when the water was four feet deep in his shop, a man floated all the way from Bellwood on a door and paddled into his shop to get measured for a wedding suit.—*Mifflintown Democrat and Register.*

—Estimates are made on the sum that is necessary to clean Johnstown. One estimater says $200,000, another $500,000 and still another sagely remarks that it will take about all of the $1,000,000. Stop your estimates, gentlemen, and get to work. Do the work wisely and well, let it cost what it may.

—This the season when the boy in the water tells the boy on the bank of the creek, that "it's just as warm as dish water," and the boy on the bank thinks it is joy that makes the other fellow's teeth rattle, and the reflection of the sky that makes him blue about the mouth. He plunges in and nature gets another shock.

—The following members have been selected to represent Class '90 in the Junior Oratorical contest: H. P. Leyden, Benjamin Demming, J. C. Mock, William Jackson, William P. Brew, and J. C. Ellenberger. Miss B. B. Meek, of this place, took first and A. A. Patterson, of Allegheny, took second honors of Class '89.

—Princeton has had its commencement and confered its degrees upon successful graduates. But there was one degree confered which crowned the honors of the day—Princeton on Thursday confered the additional title of L L. D. upon the Chief Executive of the United States so that it is now President Benjamin Harrison, L L. D.

—If by any cause it becomes necessary to let a cigar go out do not take a final puff, but blow and expel the smoke from the burning end. This clears the roll of tobacco from the smoke, and even if the fire dies out it will be found upon relighting that the cigar is of good flavor. In fact, an expert has said that a really good cigar will be improved by letting it go out, following this plan and then lighting it again.

—There was $1800 insurance on the house of John F Potter, Esq., at Central City which was destroyed by fire, and $500 on his furniture. The house was an excellent structure and the property quite valuable and handsome. The destruction of the house was complete. We most sincerely sympathise with Mr. Potter and family in their misfortune.

—Mrs. Hayes, wife of ex-President R. B. Hayes, died at her home in Fremont Ohio, on Tuesday morning. She was the most sensible, graceful and accomplished lady who ever presided in the White House, and was a "first lady" whose career will always reflect honor on the position. The Nation sympathises with the ex-President in her death.

—Directories do not always furnish reliable data on which to compute population tables, but they are a fair indication of a city's growth or decline. The new Williamsport directory shows an increase of 1,827 in the population of that city since last year, the present estimate being 35,271. This is over double the population of that city in 1880. There is no question that Williamsport is rapidly becoming an important industrial centre.

—Bellefonte has among her population some of the most skillful mechanics in this country and they often are called to a distance to do work which only the most thoroughly trained can perform. We can name mechanics who can weld any kind of self-hardening steel that can be made in England or American manufactories. If there are any incredulous people who do not believe this they can have names and proof given them by application to "ye editor." Bellefonte is fortunate to have such skilled mechanics.

Irvin Gray's Adventure in Tyrone.

Irvin Gray, of Half Moon, this county, drove to Tyrone a few days ago with a span of fine horses. The Tyrone *Herald* of Saturday, tells how a sharper tried to victimize him there as follows:

Upon his arrival there was a sharper in waiting and this same sharper was not long in finding out that Mr. Gray's team was a very good one and greatly to be desired. The sharper thereupon made himself acquainted with Mr. Gray and informed him that he had a fine trotter which he would like to trade on his double team.

Mr. Gray is a Quaker, but for all that he was not averse to turning an honest penny, and the idea of owning a trotter rather paralyzed him, so he dallied for a time with the stranger and finally left him with the word that he had another horse sick at home and he had to go and look after him, but would be back today.

This morning came and so did Mr. Gray with his two horses. The stranger was again met and the information was given that the valuable trotter was in the car and could not be gotten until the car was run into Tyrone yard, so Mr. Gray went over to Tyrone station to see the trotter after first putting his own horses up in the City Hotel stable.

He was there fifteen or twenty minutes when he made up his mind that the trotter was a "plug" which he did not want and he came back to the City Hotel to look at his own good team; but behold it was not there and he also received the information that the stranger had hitched up his team and driven off with it in the direction of Bellwood.

After considerable persuasion Mr. Gray was induced to swear out a warrant for the arrest of the horse thief, whose name is A. C. Carmolt, and the same was issued by W. F. Taylor, Esq. Officer Snyder started in pursuit and at this writing we have word that the man was overhauled at Bellwood and would be brought back to town.

Words of Sympathy for Mr. and Mrs. Dale.

The telegram of condolence transmitted to Mr. and Mrs. Dale on Sunday was couched in the following language:

BELLEFONTE, June 23, 1889.

CLEMENT DALE, Esq., 36 Sloan St., Phil'a.

Dear Superintendent: The sympathies of the Sabbath-school and congregation are hereby tendered to yourself and wife in this the hour of your affliction. Our feeling can be expressed in the text Matthew 19: 14, "Suffer the little children to come unto me and forbid them not for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." Our hearts are with you.

E. E. HOSHOUR, pastor.

Base Ball Yesterday.

At Chicago—Chicago 8, New York 12

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 6, Boston 4.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 7, Washington 5.

At Philadelphia—Athletic 7, Baltimore 8.

At Brooklyn—Columbus 4, Brooklyn 2.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 8, Philadelphia 6.

St. Louis—St. Louis 7, Cincinnati 3.

The Chinese lack appreciation of the stage. As soon as a Celestial enters on the stage he is deprived of citizenship and his children after him for four generations.

"So long as Ireland was silent under her wrongs, England was deaf to her cries."—*Irish Paper*

MUSICAL COLLEGE—The 36th Session of Six Weeks opens Monday evening, July 29, for the Teaching of Young Ladies in Vocal and Instrumental Music.—Address,

F. C. MOYER, Director,
Freeburg, Pa.

Rep. 3 t.

Take
Hood's
Sarsaparilla
100
Doses
One Dollar

The Chief Reason for the great success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is found in the article itself. It is merit that wins, and the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually accomplishes what is claimed for it, is what has given to this medicine a popularity and sale greater than that of any other sarsaparilla or blood purifier before the public.

Merit Wins

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum and all Humors, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, overcomes That Tired Feeling, creates an Appetite, strengthens the Nerves, builds up the Whole System.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

CHIEFLY PERSONAL.

People who come and Depart from the Mountain Town—One Man Arrested and One Killed in a Fight.

ALL OF WHICH IS TOLD BY A FAVORITE CORRESPONDENT AT SNOW SHOE.

Snow Shoe is a healthy and delightful place during the summer months, and there is ample accommodation at the Mountain house for one hundred guests. We would not be surprised to see many strangers here during July and August.

The Misses Fetzer, two of Marsh Creek's handsome young ladies, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Thomas Poorman.

Will Glenn, of Altoona, is visiting his Snow Shoe friends.

Miss Annie Fahey, one of Snow Shoe's bewitching young ladies, who has been living at Houtzdale for some time, is at home visiting her parents.

Misses Bessie Wolf and Lizzie Lingle, of Philipsburg, Pa., went home Monday morning after enjoying a pleasant week with their Snow Shoe friends.

Misses Nora Leonard and Blanche Gilliland, of Lacontes Mills, are guests at the residence of Robert Gilliland.

Mrs. Maria Witheright is very poorly. Friday night she was not expected to live.

Samuel Bechtol, of Howard, is in town again and appreciates the healthy climate of Snow Shoe.

W. H. Long, of Howard, called on the Snow Shoe merchants on Saturday.

T. B. Budinger received a car load of baled hay on Monday.

Mr. George Weymouth and wife, their daughter, Miss Grace, and their two sons, Master T. R. and Master Clarance, all of Lock Haven, Pa., are sojourning at the Mountain House. Mr. Weymouth is one of the proprietors of the large saw mill and lumber industry at Clarance.

S. H. Weaver, the enterprising grist mill man of Oak Hall, Pa., passed through Snow Shoe last Friday.

William Budinger, Sr., of Salladasburg, is a guest at the residence of his son, T. B. Budinger.

The M. E. Sunday school of Snow Shoe held their annual Children's Day services on Sunday morning. The regular services were beautifully rendered, the music and singing were excellent.

Mr. James Nolan, who has been attending College at Media, Pa., is spending his vacation with his mother, proprietress of the Mountain House.

Charles Mays, son of Mathias Mays, was arrested by Constable Haynes last Wednesday and taken before Joseph Smith, J. P., on the charge of robbing the house of a Hungarian by the name of Pogan. In default of bail, he was taken to Bellefonte on Thursday morning and committed to await his trial at the next term of court. Charles is a desperate fellow and this community will be rid of him.

Benjamin Hardyshell, the man who was killed a week ago in a drunken brawl at Keating, was well known by the people of Snow Shoe. He was engaged for several years during the Summer months in gathering wintergreen from the mountain near Snow Shoe and manufacturing wintergreen oil. Ben was always kind-hearted and industrious, except when under the influence of whiskey, when he would become very disagreeable.

Mrs. Croft, of Tyrone, is visiting her son, John Croft, section foreman on the Pennsylvania railroad.

Miss Annie Lear, who has been visiting her brother, E. B. Lear, agent at the Snow Shoe station of the Beech Creek railroad, left for her home in Westchester Tuesday morning.

Mitchell Gardner, of Howard, who is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Prothonotary, called on his Democratic friends on Monday and Tuesday. Mitch would be a good man for the place, but we are not going to have a Democratic prothonotary next time.

W. B. Rankin, one of Bellefonte's enterprising insurance agents, called on his Snow Shoe patrons on Monday.

—The thirty-ninth commencement of Bucknell University makes a new era in the history of the institution, and has drawn many alumni to Lewisburg. Saturday, for the first time in three weeks, trains crossed the Lewisburg bridge and came through to Bellefonte. Wilson R Sneck, of Renovo, was awarded the first prize Saturday evening for the Academic Senior class declaimers and Theodore Heysham, of Norristown, that of the Middle Year class. Sunday morning Rev. Russell H Conwell, of Philadelphia, preached the baccalaureate sermon, taking his theme from the parable of the Good Samaritan. He also addressed the local Young Men's Christian Association in the afternoon.

—The State agent of a prominent life insurance company visited Johnstown last week to look after business of the company at that place. He returns with the news that of 36 policy holders, 35 of them are *living and well* and the one lost was only $1,000. In addition to the above, the company had $3,000 on the life of a gentleman from Clearfield county who happened to be in Johnstown at the time and was carried away by the flood making the total liability $4,000.—taking into account the *number* of policies in force and the great loss of life afforded it is certainly remarkable and would indicate that life insurance is a protection in more ways than one.



AGNES—"He praised your tresses in his rhyme,
Your shining hair, your golden hair;
He sang that sunshine lingered there,
The sunshine of the summer-time;
He told you love had hid a lair,
In tangles of your shining hair."

LOUISE—"Yes, Agnes, I have caught a beau
With these blond tresses fair;
Because I cleanse them oft, you know,
With IVORY SOAP, as pure as snow,
The soap without compare."

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

Milesburg news and Woman Suffrage.

Milesburg's oldest citizen, Mr. John Swiers, cast the first vote on Tuesday and it was a sound amendment ballot.

The failure of the Amendment to carry the State is not a defeat, but a "dispensation." It will result in woman suffrage, and the time will come when it shall not be said of the intelligent women of the Keystone state that they are less worthy of the highest privilege of citizenship than the herds of the slums who are "voted" yearly by their leaders.

"Then Barok said unto Deborah—If thou wilt go with me then I will go, and if thou wilt not go with me then I will not go." With Deborah beside him he met and conquered the enemies of Israel.

The Loyal Legion of this place, marching on election day with song and banners, was a pretty sight.

Lee Rynder of this place is visiting friends in Tyrone.

Work has begun on our new iron bridge, and the hard labor of the last week has made great improvement in the appearance of gardens and homes in Central City.

[We would very much like to have all the "intelligent women" vote, if the privilege could be limited to those who are intelligent. But our correspondent will do well to remember that the inhabitants of the slums are not all men. There is an equal proportion of women, and to give the ballot indiscriminately to women would only result in increasing the number of votes and increasing the opportunities for fraud.—ED.]

IN refusing to defer the execution of Sarah Jane Whiteling, Governor Beaver has acted in simple deference to the demands of justice. If now the philanthropists who have shown such charitable but unmerited interest in her should desire to prevent the hanging of women, they should make their appeal to the Legislature without the embarrassment of having such an unworthy object for their intercession.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT
REMEDY FOR PAIN
For Bruises and Burns.

Fresh, Strong, Convincing Facts.

Best Results. East Providence, R. I., June '83. While in the employ of the Barstow Stove Co. applied your St. Jacobs Oil to many bad burns of the moulders, and always with best results. GEO. W. NORTON.

Ladder Fell. Galveston, Texas, June 23, 1885. Fell from ladder; bruised and sprained my foot and wrist; suffered five days; was cured by St. Jacobs Oil. JOSHUA WYKEH.

Knee-Cap Hurt. Hall, Ind., Aug. 10, 1888. Knee-cap was hurt and I suffered 3 months; 3 bottles of St. Jacobs Oil permanently restored me. C. C. McMORRIS.

Dislocation. Joliet, Ill., May 24, 1885. Dislocated shoulder 3 years ago; confined 3 weeks to house; the pain was cured by St. Jacobs Oil and have had no return of it. J. D. BROWN.

Horse-kick. Ozark, O., June 26, 1888. Suffered 4 weeks from the kick of a horse; had to use cane; two bottles St. Jacobs Oil cured me. F. C. HERTH.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

We Can Supply You.

The recent great floods, and the consequent destruction of our railroads, left Bellefonte for an entire week with no adequate connection with the outside world. This little experience of non-intercourse soon began to startle some of our merchants, who were short of certain kinds of goods, which could only be obtained in the large cities, out beyond the almost impassible barrier left in the track of the flood, the possibility of a partial famine, which the partial restoration of traffic does not entirely remove. This week some goods ordered before the flood have began to arrive. The railroads are making almost superhuman exertions to restore the old order of things, but until within a day or two, have refused to receive freight for points within the flooded district to be added to the accumulation they now have on hand, but are unable to move. It will probably be three months before this blockade will be entirely removed.

We were fortunate at the Eureka in having a good stock of everything when the flood commenced, and so we have been able to supply the wants of our customers. We had large orders in before communication was cut off, and these goods are beginning to arrive. We have also placed large orders since, which will be pushed through as fast as possible. In this way we hope to keep a full supply to meet all demands.

There has been very little change in the price of goods, except sugar, which appears to be on the rise, with very certain indications that it will go higher. Bellefonte merchants are selling sugar to-day for 9, 10 and 11cts. which will very soon have to be changed to 10, 11 and 12cts. unless the market breaks, which is hardly possible. Canned goods are still selling low and very fine dried fruits at prices within the reach of all. Some of the finer grades of California dried fruits are becoming very scarce, the dealers are letting them go however, at fair prices. *Come* to the Eureka for everything you want in the grocery line. We shall be able to supply you unless there is another flood.

Eureka Grocery Co.,
High St.,
Next door to Post-Office,
Bellefonte, Pa.

BOTH items which came to us last week concerning distinguished people were received with regret. The first was that the venerable Gen. Simon Cameron was suffering from a stroke of paralysis and on Saturday he was reported to be very low. Following this was the announcement that the wife of ex-President R. B. Hayes had received a stroke of apoplexy and was rapidly failing. She died on Tuesday morning.

IT don't do any good for Chairman Palmer to say that "villainy did it.' He should have used all precautions against villainy.

Ten or Fifteen of Them.

Lewistown Journal.

The party of Maine capitalists who made a trip to the South was received with an address of welcome by an old colored "auntie" of Shreveport, La. "Glad ter see yer, gemmen," said she, "course I is. Whar ye from gemmen, an whar yer gwine ter?" Here the speaker was overwhelmed by applause, followed by what her and her brood appreciated more, a shower of nickles from her distinguished guests. "How many children have you?" was inquired, as the ebony flock increased about the door. "Dunno, sah, tenor fifteen of 'em, I guess, I'll git 'em togedder an' you can count 'em." She began to call, "Jake," "Pete," 'Rastus," "Jule," "Liza," and got a good; many together, but they were too much excited by the nickles that kept dropping among them to keep still, and the census had to be abandoned. It was evident, however, to Judge Hall, who tells the story in the Waterville *Sentinel*, that the mother was correct as far as her knowledge extended. There were at least "ten or fifteen."

On Dangerous Ground

San Francisco Chronicle.

They were getting a kintergarten lesson. The teacher took them as very simple subjects. She touched the table.

"What is this?"

"Wood."

"What is this?" she asked, as she touched the fender,

"Iron."

"What is this?" and she took up an acid bottle.

"Glass."

"What is this?" and she touched her watch chain.

"Brass," said one small boy, and she changed the subject.

The Maiden's Lament.

I found the maiden weeping.
"Now wherefore weep?" said I.
"The fountains bright are leaping
In gladness to the sky;
The fruitful earth is weaving
For thee a wreath of flowers;
Thou shouldst not thus with grieving
Becloud the sunny hours."

The maiden wept. I wondered
That one so fair should weep.
Had loving ties been sundered?
Had sorrow cut her deep?
Had lover, friend or mother
Been stuck with sudden doom?
It must be so. What other
Distress could bring such gloom?

All this I ask her, tearful
Myself to see her grief.
Her agony was fearful,
She trembled as a leaf.
But not a word she uttered
Until she saw me glum;
And then she sobbed and spluttered:
"Ma burned my chewing gum."

Chicago Herald.

—Among the numerous parties who went from Bellefonte to State College on Sunday were Mr. Newton Spangler, a young law student, and W. E. Hendrixson, an enterprising knight of the yard stick and tape line in Joseph Brother & Co's store. Like the two extremely pious young gentlemen that they are they attended church—that is, they listened to the notable baccalaureate sermon delivered by Rev. Dr. Cattell to the graduating class. They then went in search of other diversions and found them at the residence of Mr. Gardner. They were hospitably welcomed, a most excellent supper was served in handsome style and the Misses Gardner and their friend Miss Ewen, were more than entertaining and agreeable, The young gentlemen enjoyed the occasion and will ever remember gratefully the kindness of the Gardners and others who entertained them. To show that the exercises of the day made a lasting impression on his mind, Mr. Hendrixson can still remember that the text of the sermon is found in Jeremiah 7: 24.

MY WIFE SAID

to me last night How much do you suppose we have paid out for doctors and medicine in the last year? I told her I did not know. To doctors I have paid nothing, and five dollars' worth of Sulphur Bitters has kept health in our family. L. ANDREWS, 12 Bowdoin street, Boston, Mass.

—Fourteen cows have died in Renovo since the flood.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Best and Purest Medicine EVER MADE.

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those **Pimples and Blotches** which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,

SULPHUR BITTERS.

Why suffer with Boils? Why lay and suffer with that terrible Headache? Why suffer with Rheumatism? What's the use? Why rave with that terrible Dyspepsia? Why lose on that bed of pain, with Heart disease, when a few bottles of SULPHUR BITTERS will relieve you? Your nerves are all unstrung, and need a gentle soothing tonic to assist nature to repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters is not a cheap Rum or poor whiskey drink, to be taken by the glass, like other preparations which stimulate only TO DESTROY. If you have failed to receive any benefit from other medicines or doctors, do not despair. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will cure you where all others fail. No person can remain long sick who uses

SULPHUR Bitters

The Dose is small—only a teaspoonful. It is the best and cheapest medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied.

Get it of your Druggist.

DON'T WAIT. GET IT AT ONCE

If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS. They never fail to cure.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

A BOLT OF LIGHTNING.

IT PLAYS FANTASTICALLY ON THE ROOF OF McKEE'S HARDWARE STORE AND THEN PASSES INSIDE.

The storm of Friday afternoon was grand and awe inspiring. Its appearance, as it came rolling onward, looked like the destructive armies of the sky coming with redoubled force. It seemed as though a cyclone, a tornado or any other engine of fell destruction might be included in its force. The rain was blinding in its quantity and violence and under its infinence the streets were converted into rivulets.

The lightning was quite brilliant though we have seen it more so, and only once was it accompanied by especially heavy thunder. That report of the heavenly cannonading caused the telephones to crack and snap and give forth sparks of fire like a genuine Fourth of July toy.

It is the one, doubtless, which stirred things up in a lively manner in the tin and repair shop of McKee's hardware store. Mrs. John Moore, who lives next door, saw the bolt of electricity dancing one of Prof. Segadlo's most lively figures on the roof. Suddenly it disappeared inside and the three men at work there discovered at that instant that a ball of fire had come in to keep them company. We are told that Mr. Walls, who was one of them, run up against the bolt and was knocked down by it, and for some time thought that he wouldn't survive, but was soon all right again. Thomas, a colored man, thought it was one of Satan's angels come to claim him before the time and cried out to be spared just ten days longer. Mr. Geo. Wolf, the other occupant of the shop, was not hurt. The ball of electricity disappeared as rapidly as it had come, leaving a burnt spot in the floor. In the course of its gygrations through the room it passed over some finely tempered steel tools and when some one tried to lift one of them afterwards it was found to be soft and hot and all the tools were welded together.

Sometime afterwards when Mr. McKee reached for some postage stamps which were in his pocket he found that they too were so firmly attached to one another as to be almost worthless, though, he don't blame that on the lightning.

How's This?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case o Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O., We, the undersigned, have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier, Toledo, National Bank, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Round about Notes.

Philip Hooper, of Mapleton, aged 61, and Mrs. Bigelow, of West township, aged 22, died recently in Huntingdon county.

Rev. L Y Hayes, of Mifflintown, has accepted the presidency of the Fort Dodge Collegiate Institute at Fort Dodge, Iowa.

John M Shadle, of Lewistown, died of paralysis on the 18th. He was formerly a prominent farmer of Brown township, Mifflin county.

James Horning, of Mifflintown, making a tour of W B Horning's fields in Fermanagh township after the flood, found a Spanish coin dated 1803, which was remarkably well preserved.

B F Parker, of Belfast township, Fulton county, was found dead in a corn field on the 14th inst., where he had gone to do some plowing. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

Lightning struck the house of Jacob B Zook, hear Bellville, Mifflin county, on the 14th, knocking the top off the chimney, tearing off the plastering, setting fire to the carpets, and after disporting itself with perfect abandon about the house took its departure by way of the cellar.

George McKee, of Ferguson Valley, Mifflin county, while oiling the machinery at his saw mill was knocked down by the log carriage and dragged against a saw. His son discovered his peril, but none too soon, for he was so close to the saw that it cut his suspenders in two in front, and another revolution would have been certain death. As it was he sustained an ugly cut in his left arm, beside other injuries.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size packages, 50 cents. At all druggists'.

—The *Republican* says the report has been circulated by some one that Clearfield would not celebrate on the Fourth on account of the flood. This is all a mistake. The money has been secured and that a regular good old fashioned time will be had is not to be doubted. The different committees have been hard at work and they are certain of having a successful day. Let everybody assist in whatever way they can.

Disarming an Unseen Foe.

"This is sometimes a paradox," as Hamlet says. Since however, the people of America and other lands have been enabled to pit Hostetters Stomach Bitters against that unseen foe, malaria, it is no longer a paradox, but an easy possibility. Whenever malaria evolves its misty venom to poison the air, and decaying unwholesome vegetation impregnates the water, there, in the very stronghold of miasma, is the auxiliary potent to disarm the foe and assure efficient protection. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake, no matter how tenaciously they have fastened their clutch on the system, are first forced to relax their grasp and eventually to abandon it toalgether. But it is its preventive force that should chiefly recommend the Bitters to persons dwelling in malaria cursed localities, for it is a certain buckler of defense against which the enemy is powerless. Cures, likewise, dyspepsia, rheumatism, kidney and bilious ailments.

Milesburg Heard From.

Your correspondent is tardy and acklowdges not having the news up to time, but the great flood was the cause.

Rev. W A Houck, of the Bellefonte M E church, delivered an eloquent address in favor of Constitutional Amendment on Saturday.

A foot bridge has been erected across Bald Eagle creek, just above the abutments of the old iron bridge. Three or four attempts were made to put a bridge below Wagner's mill, but none was successful, until Messrs. Bradley and Taylor strung the bridge on trestles.

Mr. Harry Quick, of this place, who was reported drowned, has been heard from.

Miss Amelia Martin has returned from her lecture tour in Clearfield county.

Constitutional Amendment carried by a large majority in our town.

On Monday a number of men were engaged in clearing away the large stone in the ford at Bald Eagle creek.

Nearly all the cellars in Central City were filled with mud, and the soil was washed off nearly all the gardens.

Too much can not be said to the credit of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The bridge at this place—a wooden structure—stood the flood nobly. One tree hit it and ran through the boards on the bridge, and the water was too feet above the base. It must have been a strong bridge, indeed.

T. L. R.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at W. C. Keplinger & Co's Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

—So great was the destruction of bridges by the disastrous flood in Clearfield county, and the matter of obtaining competent persons to take charge of the construction of the most important bridges so difficult, that James Kerr, Comgressman-elect from this district, has undertaken the work of superintending the building of a temporary bridge across Clearfield creek at Schreyver's

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper W. A. Noyes, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

3 od 26t

—Rev. J. W. Miller, who was the first secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in Bellefonte, is now preaching in Louisville, Nebraska. He writes to us under date June 14, and desires to be remembered to all his former friends here.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—The total contributions received by Governor Beaver for the Johnstown flood sufferers up to Saturday night amounted to about $700,000. President Harrison has given his check for $300 to the relief.

—It seems as though the rainy season was over at last, remarks the Tyrone *Daily Herald*. Evidently, that remark was made before the big storm which occurred on Friday.

A Little Flood in the Conemaugh Terrorizes a Gang of Italian Laborers.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says: There was an exciting time here Saturday night, in which the Italian laborers who now occupy Camp Flinn, in the centre of the town, took a lively interest. The heavy rains which fell all day, following the heavy blasting, swelled the Conemaugh so rapidly that at 11 o'clock at night the fierce little stream overflowed its banks, washed across the common and swept over a foot deep down the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad tracks, right through the laborers' camp and down around the Johnstown Company's stores. As the water went dashing through the tents the laborers rushed out with shrieks of terror and made a wild break for the hills.

All efforts to check their wild flight were useless, and the Fourteenth Regiment had to be called out to hold the men in camp who had not escaped. Then some of the men began fighting, and it was a strange sight. The swarthy laborers stood almost knee deep in water blacking each other's eyes, and even attempting to demolish each other with knives. By midnight the water had begun to fall again, and this morning, with the exception of big puddles here and there, the streets had resumed their normal muddy condition. Several of the rioters were arrested and sent out of the town.

Thanks For Aid.

MILESBURG, PA., June 20, 1889.

BURGESS BROUSE, *Chairman Bellefonte Flood Relief Committee*:

Dear sir: On behalf of the citizens of Milesburg and Central City, the committee here, who distributed the relief money and flour which you donated to them, truely tender their deepest gratitude. "He gives twice who gives quickly," and the need was only known until the generous citizens of Bellefonte responded and responded liberally. Please accept the warmest thanks of this community.

Truly yours,
J M GREEN, President;
L T EDDY, Treasurer;
T P RYNDER, Secretary;
W B MILES,
T F ADAMS,
E C POORMAN,
Committee.

Found Discharge Papers.

Discharge papers of the soldiers named below have been found, and are at the Harrisburg Daily Telegraph office, where the owners can get them upon being properly identified: Michael Sides, Eighty-seventh regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers; Jacob Wirtch, One Hundred and First regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers; John W. Wanamacher, Two Hundreth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers; Hiram McBride, Two Hundreth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers; Samuel Snyder, Ninth regiment, Pennsylvania cavalry.

—Yes, we confess that it was a Bellefonte lady who, the other day, expatiated upon the excellence of whiskey. She became excited and remarked that at one period in the life she was terribly ill and believed that a drink of whiskey would have saved her life. "Did you drink it?" was asked. "No." "But you are living now?" "That's so," she acknowledged—"I didn't think of that."

—A farmer asked the retail price of nails at a Pottstown store, and then the price per keg of 100 pounds. The latter being much less, he asked if the storekeeper would take back what he had left if he did not use the whole keg, and some days later returned it with 96 pounds of nails, having used four pounds which he was to pay for at keg prices. The merchant accepted the money.

New Charters Granted

HARRISBURG, June 20.—The following charters were issued from the State Department to-day:

The Ridley Park Cold Spring Water Company, of Ridley Park, Delaware County; capital, $25,000.

Keystone Hosiery and Manufacturing Company, of Norristown; capital, $75,000.

—Governor Beaver has vetoed the bill increasing the salaries of the judges of the Commonwealth. The Governor's objection to the bill is that it is unconstitutional as it increases the compensation of officers during their term of office. The general appropriation bill has been approved, excepting the items of $75,000 for new uniforms for the National Guard.

—On Wednesday evening Miss Emma Snyder, daughter of Capt. A. B. Snyder, and Mr. Edward Cooke, son of Mr. John Cooke, were wedded at the home of the bride's parents. Rev. William Laurie, D. D., officiated. The happy pair received some valuable presents and departed on the evening train on a wedding journey.

—The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company will hereafter check and carry free bicycles, velocipedes, tricycles and baby carriages belonging to passengers on its trains, and circulars giving instruction to this affect to agents, station and train baggage masters, have been issued.

—From the Renovo *News* it is learned that the Renovo *Democrat* has ceased to exist, and the *News* has now the field of daily journalism alone at that place. Whether the *Democrat* died from the affects of the flood is not stated.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Miscellaneous.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

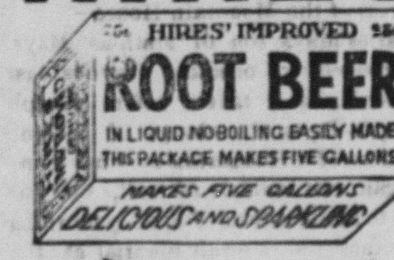
HINDERCORNS.
The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet, 15c. at Druggists. HISCOX & CO., N.Y.

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE
Have you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion! Use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It has cured the worst cases and is the best remedy for all ills arising from defective nutrition. Take in time. 50c. and $1.00.
21 26 4t



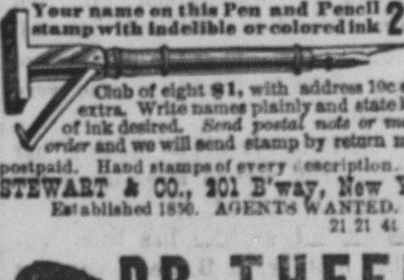
$93 Sewing-Machine FREE
To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send free to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for $93, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

BEST STEEL WIRE Woven Wire Fencing Wire Rope Selvage



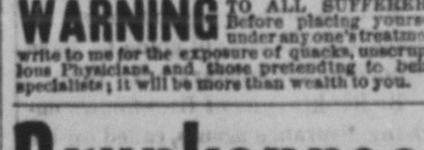
80c TO $2 PER ROD.
All sizes and widths. Gates to match. Sold by us or dealers in this line of goods. FREIGHT PAID. Information free. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., Nos. 118 & 120 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

HIRES

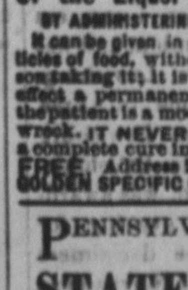


ROOT BEER
The most APPETIZING and WHOLESOME TEMPERANCE DRINK in the world. TRY IT.
Ask your Druggist or Grocer for it
C. E. HIRES, PHILADELPHIA
21 26 4t

Your name on this Pen and Pencil stamp with indelible or colored ink 20c



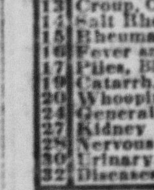
Club of eight $1, with address 10c each extra. Write names plainly and state kind of ink desired. Send postal note or money order and we will send stamp by return mail, postpaid. Hand stamps of every description. STEWART & CO., 301 B'way, New York. Established 1850. AGENTS WANTED.
21 21 4t



DR. THEEL
538 North Fourth Street bel. Green, Philadelphia. Guarantees to cure you more quickly, safely and permanently than any advertising physician. All Special Diseases, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Early Decay, Pimples, Ulcers, Melancholy, Loss of Memory, etc. Acute cases 4-10 days. Relief at once. Send for book Truth, exposing frauds. Hours, 9-1, 6-9. Wed. & Sat. Ev'gs till 10. Sun. till 1. European Hospital Experience.
WARNING TO ALL SUFFERERS. Before placing yourself under any one's treatment write to me for the exposure of quacks, unscrupulous Physicians, and those pretending to being specialists; it will be more than wealth to you.

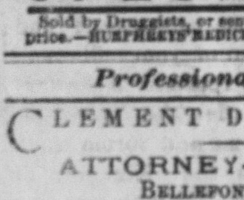
Drunkenness
Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured
BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the person taking it; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. We GUARANTEE a complete cure in every instance. 48 page book FREE. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY AND THE UNTOLD MISERIES
Resulting from the Errors of Youth, Folly, Vice, Ignorance, &c., may be cured at home without fail or exposure. Infallible and Confidential. Large Treatise, 300 pages, only $1 by mail, sealed, postpaid. Small book, with endorsements of the press, free. Send now. Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W.H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.
21 26 4t



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
21 26 4t

HUMPHREYS'



DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK Cloth & Gold Binding
144 Pages, with Steel Engraving, MAILED FREE. Address, P. O. Box 1810, N. Y.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25

HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

SPECIFICS.
Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N. Y.

Professional Cards.

CLEMENT DALE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Crider's new building, corner of Allegheny and High streets. 10 45 tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 14-1y-13

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16-17-tf

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office on High street. 13-2tf

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Hon. Judge Hoy. ja47t-tf

E. R. CHAMBERS, Attorney-at-Law. Office at No. 16 Crider's Ex., Allegheny street. All business promptly attended to. 17-12-1y

PATRICK O'FARRELL, Attorney and Counselor at Law, —and— Solicitor of Patents, Pensions and Claims

Hdqrs. JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1, Department of the Potomac G A R, *Washington, D C, March* 18, 1886.

Comrade O'FARRELL, Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander

1319 F Street, N W, Washington, D. C.
Formerly Capt Co G, 69th N Y, (Corcoran Irish Legion). 20 26 tf

Insurance.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.
INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9-6-1y GEORGE L. POTTER.
(Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER. Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS Cah'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

H. K. HOY, M. D.,
Oculist & Aurist,
No. 4, South Spring St., Bellefonte, Pa
Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m. 19 20 4m.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch) PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts, three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON Proprietress.
14-21-tf

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 20 h, 1888.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President.*
8-41 *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

The Cows on Top.

We conclude by the subjoined editorial reflections which we find in the Pittsburg *Dispatch* that Fort Dodge, Iowa, has recently been voting on the cow question with the victory in favor of the cow. As the same question has so recently been a prominent one in borough politics here, we believe that the remarks of the *Dispatch* will be deemed interesting by our readers:

At present the cows are on top in Fort Dodge, Ia. The march of civilization in Fort Dodge is impeded by an impenetrable cordon of cows. The aldermen of the city have entered into abiding alliance with the gentle creatures, who sometimes figure with their brethren in the regularly quoted markets. According to the compact the cows may explore the streets and the lawns of the Fort Dodgers at their own sweet will. In vain do the citizens point to their ruined gardens from which the geranium and the rose as well as the mere leaves of grass are daily disappearing.

The constitutional right of the cows to the freedom of the streets, their friends the aldermen, are determined to defend to the last ditch. The cow is naturally democratic in her tastes. She knows nothing that is green or herbiferous that is too good for her. Grass is good enough for her as a rule, but she can stave off the pangs of hunger with a century plant, and chew the cud as complacently after a meal of ferns as when her interior department is filled with clover.

All we hope is that the news of the cows' victory in Fort Dodge will not come to the ears of the cows in this neighborhood. There is enough the matter with the milk trade—in spite of the plentiful supply of water—without a strike of the cows for the privilege of access to our streets and gardens.

—The Philadelphia *Record* offers this advice: "The wholesale destruction of road bridges in the central counties of Pennsylvania visited by the disastrous floods will necessitate heavy expenditures for repairs. The farmers, who are the largest tax-payers, have also been seriously damaged by the loss of buildings and growing crops. In this state of affairs it would be good financering on the part of county authorities to borrow money for these extraordinary expenditures and thus distribute the drain on the tax-payers over a series of years. The credit of the counties is good, and money is cheap." We do not suppose that such advice will be necessary in Centre county.

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alterative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver or Stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c. and $1 per bottle at W. C. Keplinger & Co's Drugstore.

Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to-day for a free sample of this grand remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

—Osceola proposes to hold a meeting soon, at which steps will be taken to have the name of the town and post-office changed. There is an office of the same name in Tioga county, one in Iowa and one in Wisconsin. Great confusion and loss is often caused by the sending of mail matter to one or other of these places which should come direct here. As yet no suitable names have been proposed.

—The Supreme Court of Indiana on Wednesday of this week decided the case of appeal by Barber Knox, who was arrested and fined for keeping open on Sunday. The court holds that shaving and hair cutting are not works of necessity within the meaning of the statute and judgment of the fine in the lower court is affirmed

—On Wednesday when the flood relief box, at the post office, was opened the amount it contained was found to exceed $12, among which was a $10 bill, placed there by some one who desired to give but did not care to be known as the giver.

How Centre County Voted.

This county voted very strongly against the suffrage amendment, the majority against it being 3755.

The exact majority in favor of the prohibitory amendment in the county was 1987.

More Contributions.

We are glad to record the following additions to the flood fund.

C. G. McMillen, of Dayton, Ohio	$5
Cash	2
W. C Heinle	5

—It is the general opinion that Col. D. S. Keller and his lieutenants managed the Prohibition campaign in this county in an unusually skillful and efficient manner.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Tell me not in mournful numbers
Life is but an empty dream,
While the maid of forty summers
Keeps a passion for ice cream.

—Weeds are growing.

—Three cheers for Philipsburg!

—The days are now 15 hours in length.

—The moon has reached its last quarter.

—Ministers are now thinking about their vacation.

—The rain descends easily this summer every day.

—Fourteen cows have died in Renovo since the flood.

—All kinds of vegetation now present a luxuriant appearance.

—Many telephones were temporarily disabled by Friday's storm.

—C. W. Katherman of Williamsport has invented a new-fangled bureau.

—It is complained that toll is charged for passing over the ruined turnpike.

—The business of street sprinkling and watering the garden is decidedly dull.

—Mrs. George Wolf, of Madisburg, died very suddenly last week of heart disease.

—The private school taught by Prof. C F Gramley, at Rebersburg, is now closed.

—The storm looked quite grand as it came over Half Moon hill on Friday afternoon.

—The rain descended in great force and quantity during about five minutes on Friday.

—The tendency of travel will now be towards the sea shore or the coolest mountain top.

—Miss Leah, daughter of Peter Hoffer, of Centre Hall, died on Sunday afternoon, the 16th.

—Ferguson and Spring townships are among the most delightful places on the habitable globe.

—We have not heard any complaints of extensive use of water on the streets for a month past.

—Blair county's majority for Prohibition was 2284 and against the suffrage amendment 6151.

—The people of Aaronsburg realized $131 from a festival they gave for benefit of the flood sufferers.

—After the longest day, according to the natural order of affairs, will come the warmest weather.

—The Republican State Convention will be held in the city of Harrisburg on Wednesday, August 7.

—Berks county, what of it? We must wait and see if there is a redeeming feature in its composition.

—Of 10,000 postal notes issued at the Post office in Huntingdon only one is known to have been lost.

—Hurrah for Centre county! So far as we have heard it is the banner prohibition county in Pennsylvania.

—Mr. Wm. V. Hughes, of Philipsburg, has secured the contract for building the temporary houses at Johnstown.

—The number of people that are daily being fed at the commissary department in Johnstown is 20,515.

—Mrs. Magdalene Fisher, of Penn Hall who died on the 12th of June, was 84 years, 7 months and 15 days of age.

—Have you seen the W on the wings of the locust yet? Look at it, but at the same time time look out for the sting.

—Mrs. Catherine, wife of Geo. N Wolf, of Madisonburg, died on the 14th inst. Her age was 31 years, 5 months and 8 days.

—The receipts of the Busy Bee festival, Thursday evening, were about $35 which was more than had been anticipated.

—Almost every day, during the rain storms, the sun shines at intervals, which is an indication of more rain next day.

—Miss Polly Martin, of this place, died a few days ago, her funeral occurring on Thursday. Rev. G. P. Sarris officiated. Her age was 21 years.

—Many cherries seem to be blighted and failed to mature and plums are falling to the ground in showers. Likely the latter are stung by the curculio.

—Don't make an exclamation if you meet a girl of the period bearing a parasol with a handle that looks like an interrogation, because they are fashionable.

—Strikes are reported among laborers at Johnstown. The pressing need of the work there should prelude any such condition of affairs that will bring about a strike.

—Michael Ulrich, of Millheim, lost his horse by death, The animal suffered injuries during the flood and its death was caused by the injuries then received.

—There was a time when we considered Philadelphia a pretty fair sort of a city, but now it is a disgrace to the civilized world and we would not live there for less than two million dollars per day.

—The United States Practice Ship, Constellation, with the cadets on board, arrived at Norfolk in safety and all the "middies" conducted themselves with presence of mind and the courage of veteran sailors.

A Crazy Man's Deed.

Francis Rote Shot by his Son, David, who was Violently Insane.

The demented brain of a man named David Rote, who lives at Greenbriar, in this county, led him to commit a terrible tragedy on Wednesday afternoon of this week. He is 35 years of age and is the son of Francis Rote, a man aged about 75 years. He had been acting very strangely for several days, and all who saw his condition became afraid of him. He was not interfered with, however. In the afternoon he became violent and threatened to kill anyone who came near him. Procuring an old musket which was heavily loaded with shot, he made everyone flee before him. His father succeeded in getting inside the door and was fastening it when the maniac discharged the weapon. The charge passed through the thin boards and much of it lodged in the old man's abdomen, one of his hands also being pierced by several shot The old man is supposed to have fallen to the floor.

The crazy man gained entrance to the house and people outside aroused the neighborhood to go to the place. On entering the house the son was sitting on the prostrate body of his father, holding a butcher knife in his right hand and a Bible in the other. He was knocked from his position before he did further harm and after a terrible struggle was secured and bound.

It is not believed that the old man will survive his injuries. His son is now in the jail here and will likely be removed to the asylum for the insane.

Death of Mrs Love, Mother of John G. Love, Esq.

During several days past John G. Love, Esq., of this place, has been at the home of his parents in Warriorsmark, Huntingdon county. His mother, Mrs. Catharine Love, had been suffering from an attack of paralysis, which caused her death on Thursday morning at 5.15 o'clock. We copy from the *Daily Herald* of Tyrone, the appended notice of this excellent lady:

Mrs. Love was a highly estimable lady—a kind and loving wife, mother, sister, friend and neighbor, and a true and faithful Christian, having been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church from early life. She was the daughter of Jno. and Mary Gray, prominent members of the notable Gray family of Half Moon in Centre county. She was married to Mr. James Love, September 5, 1839, nearly fifty years ago, and to the union were born eight children, six of whom together with the husband and father survive her. The surviving children are: John G, Love, Esq., of Bellefonte, W. S. who resides at State College, Harry C., proprietor of the hardware store in the Pruner building, this place, and Lydia J., Emma and Annie, all at home. Two brothers and three sisters also survive her.

Mrs. Love's death will make a break in the happy family circle that will be sorely felt and their grief will be shared by a very large circle of friends. She was born February 21, 1821, and at the time of her death was 68 years, 3 months and 29 days old. The funeral occurred on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment at Tyrone cemetery.

Some Spicy Locals Contributed.

Mr. Isaac Maitland and Shuman Keeler, of Williamsport, attended the Cooke-Snyder wedding on Wednesday evening.

Miss Minnie Laninger, one of Williamsport's most attractive young ladies, is still the guest of Miss Kitty Bauer.

Mr. Edmund Blanchard, who spent the greater part of this month in Philadelphia, is at home once more and looks first rate.

Messrs. John I. Furst, Chas. S. Hughes and Lee B. Woodcock are the three young men who are being examined for Princeton by Rev. J. P. Hughes and Prof. James R. Hughes.

Mr. Benner Armor is among his many friends, after being away for the last year. We are glad to see he looks well.

Miss Grace Weymouth, one of Lock Haven's young ladies, passed through Bellefonte on the way to Snow Shoe to spend the summer.

Mr. Bates Bell is temporarily back among his many friends. He makes a stir in the insurance business.

Miss Florence Houck departed for Williamsport last week to visit among her many friends in that city and to look at the damage wrought by the flood.

The way that George L. Jackson worked at the fire on Tuesday night was wonderful.

Frank Rhoads did some very fine work at the fire in rescuing six of Baum's horses and taking them to a place of safety.

Thos. Shaughensey is getting the dirt out of the streets in fine style.

Mr. Parish, the gentleman who bought the North ward drug store, is putting up a soda fountain and will soon serve milk shake.

Mr. Jacob Valentine, Jr., saved some valuable property on Tuesday evening and deserves the credit.

It is Significant.

Under this head the Renovo *News* of Tuesday said:

"What's the matter with Renovo? Well, take a look at things and join in the answer, 'She's all right.'" Flood swept as much in proportion to her size as any place in the West Branch several weeks ago. She has made strides in the direction of pulling herself together that make her people worthy of the commendation of those who admire get up in a people. After a visit to several of the neighboring towns and cities we feel justified in the statement that Renovo has made a greater effort thus far to remove the traces of the flood than any of the disaster visited towns. And Renovo has had no money but her own to assist in the work either. Not a cent has as yet been contributed to Renovo except the two hundred dollars which Secretary of State Stone left here. That Renovo has done so well is indeed significant.

Lumber and Logs to be Returned.

From Tuesday's *Sun and Banner* of Williamsport:

Captain A S Courtenay has the contract of gathering the sawed lumber from this city to Green's dam. He says that there are from 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 feet of sawed lumber which can be regained. He has men at work at Bastian's, the oil works and Ransom's Island and expects to have men at work at the south end of the Market street bridge, Harris' Point, Nicely's and Canfield's by to-morrow. To regain this lumber will require at least two months, and the Captain expects to have from 2,500 to 3,000 men in his employ. The lumber will be rafted, floated to convenient points and loaded on cars.

To-morrow the Lumbermen's Committee will open and award the bids for recovering the logs from this city to Harrisburg. The logs will be rafted, floated to convenient points along the Philadelphia and Erie railroad and hauled back to Williamsport. Those which cannot be recovered conveniently will be sold to eastern parties The lumbermen will protest against paying 50 cents salvage on logs lodged below Sunbury.

Military Matters.

It has been decided that the encampment of the regiments of the Second brigade will take place from the 20th to the 27th of July. The Fifth will spread its tents at Bedford Springs. Some years ago Duquesne Greys encamped at the same place.

While considerable has been said relative to the Fourteenth regiment on duty at Johnstown, it is not generally known, but none the less a fact, that the Fifth regiment had also a company on duty. This is company H, of Johnstown. Its armory was somewhat damaged by the great flood, but its muskets are all right, and they were recovered from the building on the morning of June 1, which was the day after the flood. The company has been on duty since that morning and has rendered efficient service. Thursday morning when it was feared that there might be an outbreak among the striking laborers company H, as well as one of the companies of the Fourteenth, was ordered out. The Johnstown company lost one of its members by the flood.

—Two confidence men recently tried to work the "gold brick" game on Hugh Pollock, a wealthy farmer in Indiana county, but when Mr. Pollock went to the bank to get the money to present to the strangers, the cashier, having learned Mr. Pollock's story, refused to give him the money and he was thereby saved a fleecing of several hundred dollars. The two confidence men escaped by jumping out of the buggy and taking to the woods. The rig was found to belong to a New Bethlehem party.

—We are almost convinced that the vote throughout the State on the suffrage amendment was a mere burlesque. It is probably defeated and it is as well that it is. But in one-half the instances we do not believe the people who voted knew how they were voting. For instance, we have heard men who said that they wanted the tax qualification abolished say they voted against the amendment, which vote accomplished the direct opposite from what they intended.

—Miss Ida Long, of Curwensville, was one of the many who read their obituaries, during the flood of May 31st. It was understood that she had been on a visit to her sister at Cleveland, Ohio, and was returning home with her when the train was swept away at Johnstown, but as Miss Ida was not away from home at all, and was not at Johnstown, she may be considered fortunate, for her sister, Mrs. Tarble, together with three children, were drowned.

—In the vicinity of Curtin street seems to be the best place hereabouts to cultivate strawberries. We have already mentioned the mammoth specimens of this delicious berry cultivated by Prothonotory L. A. Shaffer, and on Wednesday we had opportunity to sample the berries which grow so luxuriantly in Mr. W. B. Rankin's garden, just next to it. They are large, uniform in size and wonderfully delicious in flavor.

—The *Engineering and Mining Journal* estimates from reliable data that at the present rate of production and amount of waste in mining the supply of anthracite coal in Pennsylvania will by exhausted in seventy-five years. As the maximum in the production and consequent waste has not been yet reached the life of the anthracite coal fields will likely be even less than this estimate.

Gen. Simon Cameron.

THE VENERABLE STATESMAN STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 20.—General Simon Cameron was prostrated to-day at his home, "Donegal" Springs, with paralysis of the right arm and side, and his condition is critical. Ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh and wife and Mrs. Haldeman, General Cameron's daughter, are with him.

Change in the Presidency of Swarthmore College.

The resignation of Professor Magill from the Presidency of Swarthmore College was a surprise and cause of regret to all. He is one of the most noted educators in the country and has filled the position of President of Swarthmore successfully. But his reason was that he needs rest and the College needs a young man for President. He is willing, after a years rest during which he will visit Europe on full pay, to take the chair of French and Literature in the College, which he will do.

Professor William Hide Appleton has been elected acting president of the college in the absence of Professor Magill next year. Professor Appleton is a graduate of Harvard University, and has filled the professorship of Greek in Swarthmore College for about seventeen years. He has of late years been vice-president of the faculty. No permanent president to take Dr. Magill's place after resignation takes effect in 1890 has been chosen, and it is impossible to tell who will receive the position. Dr. Magill will not leave the college until August 15. Florence M. Yost, a graduate of Cornell University and an instructor in Wellesley College, has been chosen assistant to Professor H. W. Rolie, professor of Latin, in the place of Professor Miss W. Price, who has received a year's leave of absence. Professor Williams, of Johns Hopkins University, has been chosen assistant professor of chemistry as an auxiliary to Dr. Day. The Alumni Association held its annual social reunion and banquet at the college last evening. The new officers of the association are: President, Professor G. E. H. Weaver, '82; secretary Elizabeth M. Ogden, '82; treasurer; Joseph T. Bunting, '77.

A Lecture on the Johnstown Flood.

Miss Maud I. Patterson, of Johnstown, told the story of the flood to an audience in the Court House on Thursday evening. The young lady is a member of a family who were in the flood and escaped quite miraculously. The family, with the exception of her father, were in the house. At Johnstown no warning was heard, and the young lady does not believe that the modern Paul Revere reached that place. They saw the flood coming, however, before it actually reached the house, and called to Mr. Patterson to come inside. He did so and had he been a minute later he would have been swept away. The part of the house through which he entered became detached and floated off. Their house was a double one, and it was broken into two parts, the part in which the Pattersons were turning on its side with the windows on top. Through a window Mr. Patterson climbed to the top and helped the other members of the family to join him there. The young lady was almost washed down the stairway. In some way, we believe, she said they reached the roof of the school house, where there were others. Next day they managed to enter the building and build a fire Meanwhile, the hours seemed like days. In course of time they managed to climb over debris and reach high ground. They saw hundreds of the dead. The young lady told many instances of marvelous escapes, cruel loss of life, etc. She still adheres to the statement that from 15,000 to 18,000 became victims of the flood. After her lecture, which was brief, she gave a recitation.

—Contrary to expectations shipments of coal have been going East over the Bald Eagle Valley and Philadelphia and Erie Railroads in considerably quantity the past week. Over the Beech Creek Railroad no shipments have yet been made, owing to the washed-out condition of the Pine Creek Railroad between Jersey Shore and Williamsport. A united appeal by the miners of the Clearfield and Beech Creek regions to the miners of the several regions working below a rate of 50 cents per gross ton, has just been issued, in which an urgent request is made for the miners of Gallitzin, Lillys, Hastings and elsewhere to take advantage of the active demand for coal to insist upon a restoration of the lost five cents per ton. What effect the appeal may have is difficult to predict just at this time, though the probability it is will not change the rate of wages paid. It may, however, result in making some change in the method of weighing coal, of placing check weighmen on tipples now without check weighmen, and securing pay for certain kinds of work not now paid for, all of which would go to increase the cost of putting the coal on the cars.

—The largest artificial body of water in the United States is situated 782 feet above Olean, New York. It is said to be likely to give way at any time. It was formerly used to feed the Genessee Valley canal, but is now merely a sportsman's paradise. It is condemned by the public sentiment, and the state superintendent of canals and also by people living in Cuba, Hinsdale, Olean and Allegheny. The whole Genessee Valley has protested against its maintenance. It is a constant menace to the people, and is likely to sweep them into chaos, as did the South Fork reservoir at any time. The reservoir is one-third larger than the Conemaugh reservoir. About ten years ago the dam burst, letting out fifteen feet of water and flooding the valley for 150 miles.

A New Railroad.

The Pennsylvania, Lehigh and Eastern Railroad Company was organized at Wilkesbare on Wednesday of this week, with many prominent New York and Pennsylvania capitalists present. Samuel F Pierson was elected president, and the following gentlemen were elected directors: S F Pierson, Pennsylvania; J N Neuberger, New York; S P Wolverton, Pennsylvania; E P Darling, Pennsylvania; J W Fellows, New Hampshire; Silas W Fewberger, New York; and Elias Lowenstein, Pennsylvania. This organization is the outcome of the purchase under foreclosure of a first mortgage on all the franchise rights, surveys and rights of way of the Lehigh and Eastern Railway incorporated by special act of the State Legislature. This charter gives them the right to construct a railway from Tomhicken Luzerne County, the Eastern terminus of an important branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, making direct connection with their main line to Pittsburg and the West. Their route as surveyed will go in close proximity to nearly fifty colleries and through the very cream of the anthracite coal regions in Luzerne, Carbon, Monroe and Pike counties to Port Jervis, New York, where it will make direct connection with tracks constructed via Campbell's Hall to the Poughkeepsie Bridge. The surveys have been made, the line located and rights of way secured. The line will be the shortest all-rail route by at least one hundred miles from the coal fields to the Poughkeepsie Bridge and the Eastern states. The company will also construct a branch to connect with the proposed suspension bridge at Peekshill.

—Rev. W. A. Houck was present at the funeral of the late Rev. A. D. Yocum, in Altoona, on Tuesday morning and took part in the services, reading for the Scripture lessons parts of Psalm 90 and II Corinthians, 4th chapter. There were a great many ministers of the Methodist church present at the funeral, among them Rev. J. A. Woodcock, of this place.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS

NEW STYLE PLEASANT TASTE

The Most Perfect Medical Preparation of the Age.

The New Style Vinegar Bitters

Is of a clear, dark reddish amber color. It has a delicious taste. It is a most invigorating tonic. It is a gentle and painless, but thorough cathartic It contains no opium. It contains no poison or hurtful drug of any sort.

New Style Vinegar Bitters purifies the blood, beautifies the complexion, strengthens the nerves, muscles and brain, drives away malaria, and keeps the system so strong as to enable it to repel infectious diseases and epidemics generally.

The organs of the body most given to shirking their regular work are the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys. A medicine that stimulates these organs into healthy action without causing pain, is invaluable.

New Style Vinegar Bitters does this, and it does the work permanently. It never robs Peter to pay Paul, as alcoholic and other (so-called) remedies do. It is a most grateful, healing medicine to all who are troubled with piles, for it relieves at once, and soon cures this most painful disorder.

It aids digestion, cures constipation, headache, bilious complaints, feverishness, neuralgia, nervous diseases of every sort, and every class of skin disease known.

As a Family Medicine, for the use of ladies, children and men of sedentary habits, the New Style Vinegar Bitters has no equal in the world. It is invaluable for curing the ills that beset childhood, and gently regulates the diseases to which women at every period of life are subject.

Ladies, get a bottle from your druggist and try it. If your druggist has not the New Style Vinegar Bitters, ask him to send for it. If you once try it you will never be without this priceless remedy in the house.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

The only Temperance Bitters known

It stimulates the brain and quiets the Nerves, regulates the Bowels and renders a perfect blood circulation through the human veins, which is sure to restore perfect health.

GEO W DAVIS of 169 Baronne St., New Orleans La., writes under date May 26, 1888, as follows: "I have been going to the Hot Springs, Ark., for fifteen years for an itching humor in my blood. I have just used three bottles of Vinegar Bitters, and it has done me more good than the Springs. It is the best medicine made."

JOSEPH J EAGAN, No. 75 West St., New York, says: "Have not been without Vinegar Bitters for the past twelve years, and consider it a whole medicine chest in our family."

MRS. MATTIE FURGUSON, Dryden, N Y, says "Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine I ever tried; it saved my life."

T F BAILEY, of Humboldt, Iowa, says: "Vinegar Bitters cured me of paralysis ten years ago, and recently it cured me of rheumatism."

MRS WM A DAVIS, of Camden, N J, says: "I have suffered greatly from indigestion and bowel troubles, and Vinegar Bitters gave me great relief

JAMES H DWYER, of Worster, Mass., writes, "I always use Vinegar Bitters as a spring medicine, and have the best of health."

L COLEMAN, of 77 Montgomery St., New York writes: "I find your Vinegar Bitters a first-class tonic."

Thousands of other testimonials sent on application, also a ladies' book free.

Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO., 532 Washington St., New York.

Buckin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

—When will the trains begin to run on schedule time again?

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, May 13, 1889.

STATIONS	Dis	WESTWARD A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 19	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	4 45	9 22	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 34	4 38
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	9 37	4 40
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 48	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 56	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 12	5 10
BELLEFONTE	26.2	5 35	10 25	5 20
Milesburg	23.5	5 45	10 35	5 30
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 38	5 33
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 48	5 41
Julian	32.9	6 06	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.0	6 13	11 09	5 59
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 28	11 26	6 13
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	11 29	6 15
Dix—f	46.3	6 33	11 32	6 19
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 40	11 38	6 25
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48	6 33
TYRONE	54.2	6 55	11 55	6 40

STATIONS	Dis	EASTWARD A.M	P.M	P.M
TYRONE		8 10	3 10	7 15
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	3 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 28
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	3 24	7 33
Dix—f	8.0	8 30	3 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	3 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	3 37	7 46
Port Matilda	12.0	8 43	3 44	7 55
Martha	17.3	8 51	3 52	8 05
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 18	8 35
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 39
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 49
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 01
Curtin	34.4	10 01	4 47	9 11
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 06	4 55	9 17
Howard	39.8	10 16	5 02	9 27
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 30	5 10	9 40
Beech Creek	46.0	10 35	5 13	9 45
Mill Hall	51.7	10 50	5 24	10 01
Flemington	52.5	10 54	5 27	10 05
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect May 13th, 1889.

Westward P.M	A.M	Stations	Dis. Eastward A.M	P.M
3 35	7 30	SCOTIA	25.6 6 45	2 55
3 55	7 51	5.3 Fairbrook	20.3 6 22	2 35
4 05	8 05	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.9 6 08	2 22
4 15	8 13	10.6 Hostler f	15.0 6 00	2 12
4 30	8 21	12.3 Marengo f	13.3 5 53	2 02
4 36	8 26	13.5 Loverville f	12.1 5 46	1 56
4 45	8 36	15.2 Furnace Road f	10.4 5 41	1 49
4 50	8 41	15.8 Dungarvin f	9.8 5 37	1 45
5 00	8 51	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4 5 29	1 39
5 15	9 05	20.5 Pennington	5.1 5 20	1 30
5 25	9 15	23.5 Stover	2.1 5 08	1 18
5 40	9 25	25.6 TYRONE	5 00	1 10

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, May 13, 1889.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 10.25 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 11.15 a m.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 4.00 p m; arrives at Bellefonte at 5.50 p m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 8.05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect May 13th, 1889.

Dis.	Westward s.m.	p.m.		Eastward s.m.	a.m.	p.m.
.0	5.50	2.06	MONTANDON	5.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.15	2.15	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.15	2.15	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	.....	9.00	5.35
5.4	6.24	2.26	Riehl f	.....	8.51	5.26
6.8	6.30	2.32	Vicksburg f	.....	8.45	5.20
10.7	6.41	2.43	MIFFLINBURG	.....	8.35	5.09
13.1	6.48	2.50	Barber f	.....	8.29	5.01
15.2	6.54	2.55	Swengle f	.....	8.24	4.56
16.1	6.56	2.58	Millmont	.....	8.22	4.53
18.6	7.05	3.08	LAURELTON	.....	8.13	4.43
23.5	7.12	3.20	Pardee f	.....	8.01	4.30
28.9	7.30	3.33	Cherry Run f	.....	7.48	4.16
32.7	7.40	3.44	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	.....	7.40	4.08
33.9	7.45	3.48	Ingleby f	.....	7.36	3.57
36.6	7.52	3.55	Coburn	.....	7.27	3.56
39.6	7.58	4.04	Zerby f	.....	7.19	3.45
43.4	8.10	4.15	Rising Springs	.....	7.10	3.35
46.2	8.18	4.31	Penn's Cave f	.....	7.00	3.27
49.2	8.25	4.38	CENTRE HALL	.....	6.52	3.20
51.6	8.33	4.35	Grugg f	.....	6.43	3.12
54.5	8.42	4.43	Linden Hall	.....	6.36	3.05
56.7	8.48	4.48	OAK HALL	.....	6.30	3.00
58.8	8.52	4.52	LEMONT	.....	6.25	2.55
60.2	8.59	4.57	Dale Summit f	.....	6.20	2.50
63.9	9.09	5.06	Pleasant Gap f	.....	6.10	2.40
65.2	9.14	5.10	Axeman f	.....	6.04	2.34
67.4	9.20	5.15	BELLEFONTE	.....	6.00	2.30

CHAS E. PUGH, General Manager.
ROBERT NEILSON, General Superintendent.
E. B. WESTFALL, Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 1, 1888, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No6	No2	Dis.	STATIONS	Dis.	WESTWARD. No1	No5
P M	A M				A M	P M
6 20	9 10	18	Ar BELLEFONTE Lv	0	6	3 30
6 13	9 00	17	Scales	1	6 07	3 38
6 09	8 50	16	Morris F	2	6 11	3 42
6 03	8 42	14	Whitmer F	4	6 19	3 50
5 57	8 37	12 5	Hunters	5 5	6 25	3 56
5 53	8 34	11 2	Filmore	6 3	6 29	4 00
5 48	8 27	9 8	Briarly F	8 3	6 36	4 07
5 29	8 20	8	Waddles	10	6 43	4 14
5 21	8 12	6 9	Scotia Crossing F	11 1	6 53	4 22
5 11	7 56	2	Krumrine	16	7 09	4 38
5 05	7 50	0	Lv STATE COLLEGE Ar	18	7 17	4 43

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 connects with Trains east and west on B E V R R and S S Branch.

Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E V R R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 19th, 1889.

		WESTWARD	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia daily	11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 30	a m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 35	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 58	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	a m
"	arrives at Erie "	4 00	p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves Phil's week days	3 50	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	12 15	p m
"	arrives at Williamsport "	3 05	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	4 15	p m
"	" Renovo "	5 15	p m
"	" Kane "	9 10	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 20	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Phila. week days	11 58	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven "	7 57	p m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	p m
SUNDAY MAIL	leaves Phila.	4 35	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	8 10	a m
"	" Williamsport "	11 10	a m
"	" Lock Haven	12 10	a m
	EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXP.	leaves L. Haven w. d	7 00	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
"	" Williamsport	8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia	3 15	p m
DAY EXP.	leaves Kane week days	6 25	a m
"	" Renovo	10 20	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 15	a m
"	" Williamsport	12 20	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 15	p m
"	" Philadelphia	6 30	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily	8 00	p m
"	" Renovo	10 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven	11 27	p m
"	" Williamsport	12 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia	6 30	a m
RENOVO ACC'N	leaves Renovo w. d	4 55	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	9 45	p m
"	" Philadelphia	4 20	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L S [illegible] with B P & W N N; at Emporium with B, N Y & P R R, and at Driftwood with A [illegible] R.

ROBERT NEILSON, General Manager.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—The gaslight flickers dim and low
And meagre is the flame:
But the meter, with its measured click,
Will get there just the same.

—Mr. Utz's new house is being painted.

—Repairs to the Lieb property continue.

—Picking cherries is a popular occupation.

—It is more like Fall weather than Summer.

—Hay making is now the chief rural occupation.

—Mr. William Jones was 69 years old on Monday.

—Bellefonte seems to be managing affairs at Johnstown.

—Mr. Sampson Taylor, a citizen of altoona, died on Sunday.

—All the carpenters needed at Johnstown have been secured.

—Col. Tate is sodding the yard around his new house on Lamb street.

—An order has been issued that no liquor shall be sold in Johnstown.

—Work is being resumed on the new and magnificent Roman Catholic church edifice.

—Many report seeing the 17-year locust, though they do not seem numerous about Bellefonte.

—Centre county is not only strongly for Prohibition, but she also has a post office named Sober.

—Mr. James Harris is repairing the gutter in front of his hardware store in a very substantial manner.

—Dogs are killing many sheep at Houserville, this county. David and F Houser lost sheep in this way.

—The very bright and vivacious Miss Sue Jack has returned from an extended visit with friends at a distance.

—The commencement exercises of Bucknell University, Lewisburg, began last Thursday and end to-morrow.

—Rev. Owen Hicks, pastor of Penns Valley Methodism, publishes a paper, issued quarterly and named *The Itinerant*

—David Rote, of Greenbrier, the man who so violently attached his father, was taken to Danville Insane Asylum on Monday.

—An enthusiastic chap who applauded a verdict in Blair county court on Saturday was promptly fined $5 by Jugde Dean.

—It is estimated that $20,000 will be required to rebuild the bridges destroyed by the flood in this county. This will take most of the surplus.

—An English detective, after a search of four months, has found (in Sydney) a piece of silver plate stolen from a London house and which he was instructed to recover at any cost.

—The crew on the Montandon freight train look like strawberry dudes, the head of each one of them being surmounted by a silk hat, obtained from the flood damaged goods.

—The Tyrone *Gazette* changes weekly. It is about one month old, but already one editor has left it and now it has left Tyrone and gone to Altoona, where it will be published as the Altoona *Gazette*.

—The Presbyterians and Methodists of this place, for many years past, have fraternized very delightfully, and seem disposed to continue the custom. On Sunday morning Rev. W A Houck and Rev. William Laurie, D. D., exchanged pulpits.

—During the offertory in the Episcopal church, Sunday evening, Mrs. George P Bible, of Lock Haven, sang a solo. Her wonderfully sweet and clear voice shows the result of practice and very thorough cultivation and was heard with a very pleasing effect. The solo was certainly highly appreciated.

—Rev. William Henry Beecher, who died Monday in Chicago in his 67th year, was the eldest son of Lyman Beecher, in whose remarkable family were included Edward, Henry Ward, William H., Thos. K. and Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe. Catharine Beecher, the eldest daughter, was in many respects the most original thinker of them all.

—Francis Speer is in a sad predicament. He is always on the alert to get items and to be everywhere at the same time, but he is also deeply in love and his best girl monopolizes much of his time and attention. Just how much time to give his girl and how much to devote to other things is what puzzles him. Won't some veteran lover give him some advice on the subject.

—The house occupied and owned by Jno. F. Potter, Esq., and family at Milesburg, caught fire on Monday afternoon and was entirely destroyed, together with part of its contents. It was quite a large, well built house. Mr. Potter was not at home at the time and we have not heard whether the property was fully insured, but we hope that it was, as otherwise his loss would be very serious indeed. It is a double misfortune to Mr. Potter, as he was one of the most unfortunate of the flood victims. The fire was started by a spark on the roof.

CHILDREN AND FLOWERS.

The Lutheran Congregation Hold Services Especially Designed for the Children.

Flowers are used extensively in services for the children and are the most appropriate emblems and ornaments that could be employed to teach the children spiritual truths as well as to lead older people to fix their minds on the precepts of the Bible. Their effect is to bring joy, they beautify, they remind one of Divine mercies. They speak forth God's love as truly as the storm cloud indicates His wrath.

Flowers could not have been used with better effect than in the hall where the Lutheran congregation meet, and they were placed there for the service of last Sunday morning in which the children took a special part. The place was not easy to decorate. There was the cross and crown above the altar platform —the crown above the cross in this instance. Below was the sentence, in daisies, "A little child shall lead them."

The pulpit desk was covered deep with flowers, bell like lillies drooping gracefully above, under them were ferns and roses, and spread out in front of the collection were the open pages of the Bible, formed of star-eyed daisies. There were other collections of flowers and green, a great bouquet of ferns and scarlet sage being quite effective. The organ was burdened beneath a wreath of lovely flowers and the choir behind it, consisting of eight or nine young ladies and gentlemen who led in the music skillfully and sweetly.

There was a congregation present which far exceeded the capacity of the hall to contain it comfortably, The Sunday school pupils occupied the seats on the platform and others in front. The services were presided over by the pastor, Rev. Ed. Everett Hoshour, and by Mr. G. A. Harbaugh. It was prepared expressly by the Board of Publication of the Lutheran Publication Society and consisted of songs and responsive readings. Opening was that favorite processionalhymn, "Onward, Christian Soldier." While it was being sung the children marched in and took their places. The child in front bore aloft a floral cross. At least one-half of the music was stately church music and in perfect accord with a morning church service. The children who took part in reciting sentences of scripture all did exceedingly well.

An address was delivered by the pastor. He would have the children come to church more frequently and have such services oftener. The reason more older persons do not attend divine service is because they are not trained to do so. He very beautifully and impressively introduced into his remarks illustrations and lessons of the faith of children, the influence they may exert, etc. Tenderly he referred to the bereavement which had befallen the superintendent, Mr. Dale, and his wife, in the sudden death of little Edith, who was one of the children of the Sunday school and was known to all.

After the service Dr. J. W. Rhone moved and it was seconded and carried that a telegram of sympathy be transmitted to Mr. and Mrs. Dale, accompanied by the sentence "A little child shall lead them" which seemed to be the Golden text of the day's services.

Miss Olewine and Miss Rhone severally presided at the organ and when the primary department sang a song alone Miss Olewine led them. The entire service was a pleasing and profitable one the only cause of regret being the affliction whichhad happened to their superintendent and his necessary absence at this time.

Death of Edith Dale.

It is with much regret that we chronicle a circumstance which is profoundly sad to two of our friends, and in which grievous dispensation of providence all may well mingle their sympathy for the afflicted. On Saturday Clement Dale, Esq., received a telegram from Philadelphia stating that his little daughter, Edith, was dead. He went at once to that city. Mrs. Dale and her daughter had been in Philadelphia about two months visiting their relatives. What caused the little one's illness and death we know not. The affections of both parents were largely bound up in this bright little daughter, and now that the silver life cord has snapped so soon, it seems that their own hold on life is less tenacious and their thoughts will oftener pass through the pearly gates into the harbor of safety in which little Edith has found a sure refuge. When the first sharp anguish is o'er may they be able to say, "It is well.'

Since writing the above we have heard that little Edith in some way obtained a bottle of medicine and eat a portion of the contents, which caused her death within twenty minutes.

—We are informed that a man called at a certain house in Milesburg on Friday and asked for a glass of milk. It was not given to him and he walked away. The man of the house followed him and knocked him down with a stick of wood, inflicting a serious wound on his head. The man laid there most of the day before he was able to get up and leave on. Afterwards the fellow who used the wood and other men came to Bellefonte and got drunk. While here he bragged how he had whipped a tramp for insulting his wife. If the story as related to us is true the Milesburger certainly proved himself to be a cowardly brute, as the man who asked for milk was not a tramp, but was only looking for work. And then, too, tramps have rights and if they behave themselves they are not common property for every man to abuse in such a way.

Wants Reconstruction.

Hon. R. M. Speer, ex-member of Congress and a prominent and eloquent Democrat, whose home is in Huntingdon, thus expressed himself on the Democratic political situation, presidentially considered, a few days ago:

"There must be a reconstruction in the Democratic party. There must be no further contentions for supremacy among the old leaders to rend and tear the organization to pieces. Let the people select the standard-bearer. I do not mean that they shall choose a nobody, but a brainy, fair, square and just man, who has not given offense, who can bring the party into harmonious relations and take advantage of the perilous situation that confronts the common enemy. I name no such man, nor is it necessary. That such a man will be found there can be no doubt, if his selection be left to the untrammeled will of the party without factious interference or dictation from assumed leaders."

Mr. Speer don't name the man for the reason that he is probably too modest to name himself. But that remark about not choosing a nobody—is that a cruel fling at Grover Cleveland?

The Torrents Came Upon them, or the Johnstown Disaster.

The above is the title of a beautiful new song and chorus, which will touch a sympathetic chord in every heart. The words are very touching and are wedded to a sweet and plaintive melody. The chorus is well arranged and very effective.

There was peace within the city, there was plenty everywhere,
In old Johnstown, by the Allegheny hills;
There were happy homes unnumbered, there were firesides free from care,
There was work for honest labor in the mills.
But the torrents came upon them like the thunder from the cloud,
An avalanche of water bore them down—
A fearful cry of terror rose one moment from the crowd,
Then they hushed to burn in agony, or drown!

The demand for this new song is already enormous. It has a finely illustrated title page, representing Johnstown during the disaster.

Send 50 cents to The S. Brainard's Sons Company, Chicago, Ill., and you will receive a copy by return mail, or for sale by all prominent music dealers throughout the country.

A Fatal Accident.

On Friday afternoon an accident occurred at Tipton which resulted in death a few hours later, of Herbert Guyer, son of Rev. G. W. Guyer, pastor of the Methodist church at Bellwood. The manner in which the accident happened is not definitely known. It is stated that young Guyer attempted to board a westbound freight train at Tipton, when he missed his footing and fell under the wheels and both legs were crushed. After the accident occurred the injured man was placed on a train with the intention of bringing him to the Altoona city hospital, but before the train reached Bellwood he died and the remains were taken to his father's residence in Bellwood. His, father, Rev. George Guyer, was recently pastor of the methodist church in Milesburg, this county.

—The Huntingdon Local News relates this incident of the flood: Mr. Gordon lives at the bridge just below Hatfield's. The house was surrounded early in the evening. They tried to escape by using a fence for support as they waded along. The fence gave way, Mr. Gordon put two little boys on a tree, his wife and one child on another and he and two of the children ascended another. All night, amid the roaring of the rain and the angry waters, they sat in this perilous position, threatened by the drift that struck the trees and almost dislodged the two little boys who were on the smallest tree. They were rescued the next morning. All night the mother encouraged the boys to hold on and not fall asleep.

—The Rev. Dr. Cattell, recently the honored president of Lafayette College, was in Bellefonte on Saturday and proceeded to State College. There on Sunday he ushered in the commencement exercises by delivering a sermon to the graduating class. It was a production of scholarly excellence, classic finish, rich thought and profound erudition. It was the most notable baccalaureate discourse ever heard in the College and of course was listened by the usual large congregation. The gentleman, whose opinion is above all precedent in value, expressed himself favorably of the College and its prospects. He returned to Bellefonte the same afternoon to take the morning train for his home.

—Here's an item from Saturday's Altoona *Times*: "John Kerens, a workman from Bellefonte, fell asleep in a building in Cambria City last night. A big man woke him by kicking and beating him till he was insensible, and then stole his clothes and money. Kerens was badly hurt internally and was sent to the hospital." John Kerens is well known here and we are sorry that he received such ill treatment.

RAILROAD DEVELOPMENT.

Combinations Made Possible by the Wilkes-Barre and Western.

The Wilkes-Barre and Western Railroad Company are pushing the work on the extension of their road from Washington to Shickshinny. From Watsontown to Millville, a distance of twenty-one miles, has been completed and trains are now running on it. From Millville to Rohrsburg, a distance of ten miles, has been graded and the rails are now being laid, and it is expected to have this part of the road completed by the 13th of July. The remainder of the road from Rohrsburg to Shickshinny will be more tedious, as more grading and blasting will be necessary on account of the mountains, but with all this, the road will be in full operation before the end of the year.

The Bellefonte and Eastern Railroad Company was chartered several years ago to run from Bellefonte to Watsontown, but nothing was done in the way of building the road, and a few years ago the Wilkes-Barre and Western Railroad Company secured control of the charter. They now propose to build the road, and in a few days engineers will be sent out to locate it. The people of Bellefonte have been very solicitous for the Wilkes-Barre and Western Company to construct the road and advantageous financial arrangements have been proposed. The Bald Eagle Valley branch of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad is the only road that runs to Bellefonte, and it requires a roundabout shipment to reach New York. The Bellefonte and Eastern Road will run through Sugar Valley, which is noted for its coal mines and lumber district. The new road will run to Watsontown, where it will connect with new extension of the Wilkes-Barre and Western.

When these two new roads have been built it will give a through road to the East, for the Wilkes-Barre and Western Railroad will connect at Shickshinny with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western through to Campbell Hill and thence across the Poughkeepsie bridge to the East. The new road will also make a traffic contract at Lock Haven with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, which will enable it to run direct to New York or to Philadelphia by the Reading. They will also make a contract with the Pennsylvania, Poughkeepsie and Boston Road, which is rapidly approaching completion. By these traffic arrangements the Wilkes-Barre and Western Road will have an almost direct line to Boston, New York and Philadelphia.

Personal and Particular.

The dancing school is still in progress.

Miss Katie Harris, daughter of Dr. George F. Harris, who has been attending school in New York State, is at home spending the summer.

Chas. Cruse, who spent the last month in Baltimore, came home on Thursday.

Miss Mary Linn, who attends the Bryn Mawr College, is at home to enjoy her summer vacation.

Warren Hayden, son of Rev. W. L. Hayden spent a few days here after returning from college and has now gone to Chicago to accept a position which will last during his vacation.

Miss Leona Maitland is quite ill and is consequently unable to appear among her friends as usual.

The orchestra, composed of some of Bellefonte's brightest young gentlemen, are getting along very well. They have played for several dances and do it with great ease and in a satisfactory manner.

Mrs. A. C. Hopkins and her daughter, Miss Annie Chamberlain, of Lock Haven, are visiting many friends in this place.

Miss Annie Jenkins, who was a guest at Mr. William Jenkins' residence, departed on Saturday morning for her home in Milton.

Dr. T. C. Van Tries is making notable improvements to his residence on Spring street, among which is a brick addition to the rear.

Mr. Jacob Dinges, who, spent several days in Bellefonte, went on Saturday afternoon to visit his parents in Centre Hall.

Isaac Harpster comes to Bellefonte very often of late. What does all this mean, "Ike?"

Will Lindsay is a visitor at the residence of George W. Jackson.

Miss Edith Boak passed through Bellefonte to spend the summer at her home in Snow Shoe.

One of McCalmont & Co's men met with a painful accident the other day in having a finger cut almost off.

The storm on Friday did a great deal of damage along the Bald Eagle.

Frank Musser, of the State College, is visiting his sister, Mrs. D. O. Etters.

Chas. Noll and William Kelly started to Johnstown the other day to view the ruined city.

—Since her school in this county closed Miss Minnie Hoy has been in Coalport, Clearfield county, teaching music. She is now at home on a temporary vacation and rest. We learn that she has had unusual success while there and has a very large and remunerative class in music. We are glad that her high talents as a musician and teacher are so well appreciated, but regret that it may result in causing her to remain there. This would be a misfortune to the educational interests with which she has been so long, prominently and efficiently identified. Many people are familiar with her efficiency in the music of the institutes and also with the great success she achieved in her school at Curtin last winter. Therefore, every inducement should be put forth to keep her in this county, as no community can afford to part with educators of superior merit.

Personal Penclings.

Dr. Clemens, of Allentown, is at the Brockerhoff House.

Mrs. Evans, of Lock Haven, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. John Bullock is off on a trip to Mechanicsburg, Pa.

Chief of Police John A Lehr, of Philipsburg, is off on his vacation.

W E Gray, Esq., is attending the funeral of Mrs. Catharine Love, at Warriorsmark.

Miss Maggie Sechler, daughter of H. Sechler, is at home from school to enjoy her vacation.

Mr. William Reasner, night watchman at the railroad station, has been ill for several days past.

Mr. John Powers, one of our well known townsmen, departed for Johnstown on Wednesday.

Mr. Henry Scanlon, formerly of this place, but now of Pittsburg, is spending a few days in Bellefonte.

Miss Nellie Thomas, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the residence of E R Chambers, Esq., on Linn street.

Master Louis Guggenheimer, son of Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer, of Philadelphia, is visiting with friends here.

Mr. Lew McQuistion, accompanied by his sister, started on Wednesday on a journey to the West, Omaha being their destination.

Miss Jennie Boal, one of Centre Hall's most attractive young ladies is the guest of Mrs. J. Harper on Ridge street in Tyrone.

Col. Jas. P Coburn induced the contributors to the flood sufferers to donate not only clothes but also $1,000 in money to the stricken people in Millheim and vicinity.

Rev. Dr. Cattell, on returning from State College, on Sunday, filled the pulpit of the Presbyterian church here in the evening, much to the delight of the congregation.

Capt. S. H. Williams departed on Tuesday for Bedford Springs, where he will make arrangements for the National Guard encampment, going again to Johnstown to-day.

Mrs. Julia DeLa Marco Kitts, of Sandy Ridge, this county, has an equipage consisting of a team of dapple grays hitched to an English trap and driven by a coachman in livery.

Miss Lizzie Bottorf started Thursday on what will be quite an extended and doubtless enjoyable visit. She goes first to Williamsport, then to Philadelphia, Atlantic City, Baltimore, etc.

Rev. Ed. Everett Hoshour is now entertaining his friend Mr. W. J. D. Scherrer. He is a very pleasant young gentleman and was a fellow-student with Rev. Hoshour in the theological seminary.

Mr. S. M. Buck went to Johnstown in compliance with a telegram from Gen. Hastings, his services being required in the accounting department. Mr. Buck's well know ability in this direction frequently calls him away from town.

Mr. Joshua Mitchell of Milesburg, went to Renovo on Tuesday, being called there by the serious illness of his son-in-law, who was one of the persons who suffered heavily by the flood and contracted illness by exposure at that time.

Rev. James P. Hughes has all his life been a confidential friend of Rev. Dr. Cattell, who preached the baccalaureate sermon on Sunday, and of course he took advantage of the occasion to go to the college to hear his distinguished friend's discourse.

Miss Cora P Scoby, who has been for two years past type writer and amanuensis in the office of Beaver, Gephart & Dale, has gone to Johnstown where she will fill a similar position in the office of Mr. Cyrus Elder, General Counsel and Solicitor for the Cambria Iron Company.

Mrs. Jacobs, of Lamb street, has a wonderful profusion of very handsome roses in her garden and all have been blooming magnificently during two weeks past. Twice we have been favored with enormous bouquets of these beautiful summer flowers, and there is certainly no ornament which is more thoroughly appreciated by "ye editor."

We are glad to welcome to Bellefonte William I. Swoope, Esq., who has taken an office in Judge Furst's building and will begin the practice of law. Mr. Swoope is a son of H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., who was very well known throughout this part of the state. He is a graduate of Harvard Law School and has traveled extensively in this country and in Europe. He is scholarly, agreeable, possessed of indomitable enterprise and will make his practice of the law thoroughly successful and creditable. Hence the bar as well as the citizens and society generally will be glad that he has cast his lot in this place.

When a Nevada man sends his daughter to an Eastern school he calls it sending her to a refinery.

TWENTY-ONE YEARS OLD.

Andrew Reeser, son of John Reeser, Celebrates the 21st Anniversary of his Birth.

Not only Andrew Reeser, but all his friends celebreted the important event. The preparations for the celebration or that it was to be celebrated at all were quite unknown to Andrew until the arrival of guests. Andrew is the son of Mr. John Reeser, who lives near Fillmore. On Friday last, the 21st instant, (the longest day in the year) Andrew was 21 years old. If there is anything auspicious in the coincidence that his 21st birthday occurred on the 21st day or the month, or in the fact that it was the longest day in the year, we leave the interpretation of it to those who make a study of such occurrences.

Andrew was not at home much during the day; his father managed to keep him away, so that he would not suspect what was going to occur. From all parts of the neighborhood and also from Bellefonte the people assembled in the evening until there was a large company present, and then Mr. Reeser and his son came home. As may be imagined Andrew was almost overpowered by the enthusiastic greeting.

Prominent in the company were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schroyer, of this place, and Mrs. Lila Musser. The young people were Misses Maria and Florence Marshall, Nannie and Martha Hunter, Emma and Lizzie Henderson, Lillie Gonier, Cora Miller, Lula Knox, Mattie Bodle, Della Heckman, Julia Koch, Rosetta and Emma Musser, Lillie Beezer, Viola Musser, Tura Barr, Minnie and Bessie Reeser. Messrs. George and Francis Musser, Robert and Oscar Hunter, Zahn Gray, William Hintzinger, Isaac Miller, Harry Reeser, W. E. Hendrixson, Clayt Stover, James Marshall, Henry Knox and W. M. Bodle.

The weather was damp and rather disagreeable which is all the more a compliment to Mr. Reeser that so many should brave the storm and come to congratulate the young man on attaining his 21st birthday. It was indeed something to be proud of.

Cheerfulness reigned within. Everyone felt like contributing what was possible to the enjoyment of the evening. At the proper time they partook of sumptuous and choice refreshments. The festivities included games, conversation and music. Who could fail to derive enjoyment from such a congenial company? At the midnight hour they separated, after telling their young host in language that cannot be misunderstood that they wished him a long life of pleasure equal to the present. Only one disappointment crossed his pathway and that was when he saw another young man going home with his best girl, but he is sure that it will not occur a gain until his friends invade his home again on a similar mission.

—On Saturday several persons showed the effect of the vote against Prohibition on Tuesday. They became drunk and quarrelsome and were literally dragged through the streets to the lock-up. It is a spectacle such as is never seen in Prohibition states, but which a majority of 200,000 Pennsylvanians rejoice over as a relic of the personal liberty for which George Washington, John Hancock and other of our fore fathers fought and bled. To such persons, we suppose, these men who thus indulged their animal parsions were the personification of all that is sublime and grand—fit companions for the Goddess of Liberty.

—Somerset *Herald*, June 19. The three distillers, Jesse Baughman, Simon P Sweitzer and Abraham Shultz who were convicted at February sessions of selling liquor without license and were sentenced Monday of last week by Judge Baer, to pay a fine of $500 each, the costs of prosecution and to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of ninety days, were taken into custody by Sheriff McMillen Monday evening and on Wednesday evening were released from prison on an order of Judge Clark, of the supreme court.

—Gen. Simon Cameron was still living on Tuesday night, but his death was momentarily expected. His death will mark the dissolution of the most prominent citizen of Pennsylvania. His reputation is world-wide. He is one of the few statesmen who lived to a grand old age, being now the sole surviving representative of Lincoln's cabinet, though Hannibal Hamlin, vice President, still survives. Every position filled by Mr. Cameron—and his whole life was a public one—was filled creditably and with distinction. This made him a power in the politics of the country and state and we doubt not that there will be a general and genuine sorrow because of his death.

—The body of little Edith Dale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clem Dale, was brought from Philadelphia on Tuesday, the funeral party arriving here at 5.20 p. m. The hearse, followed by the mourners in carriages, moved to the residence of Mr. Dale where the funeral services took place Wednesday afternoon.

MARRIED.

SHAW—CORMAN.—On the 8th instant, in Millheim, by Rev. D Hicks, Richard J Shaw, of Clearfield, and Mary J Corman, of Bellefonte.